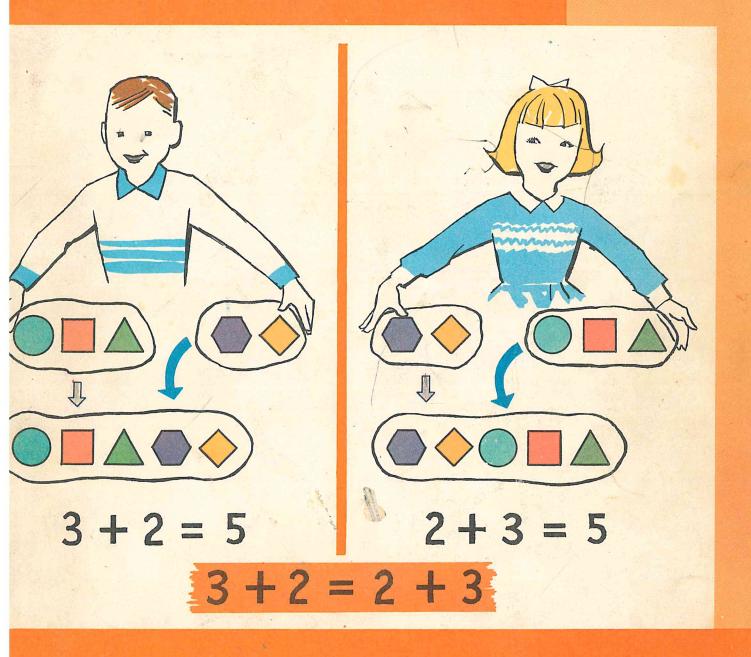
## Sets · Numbers Numbers Numerals Second Edition

2



THE LAIDLAW MATHEMATICS SERIES

Name DWUYNE Imm

## Sets · Numbers Numerals Second Edition

THE LAIDLAW MATHEMATICS SERIES

Primer through Grade 8

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Consultant for Mathematics Laidlaw Brothers Ronald C. Welch

Associate Professor of Education Indiana University Bloomington, Indiana Edward G. Buffie

Assistant Professor of Education Indiana University Bloomington, Indiana

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RIVER FOREST, ILLINOIS

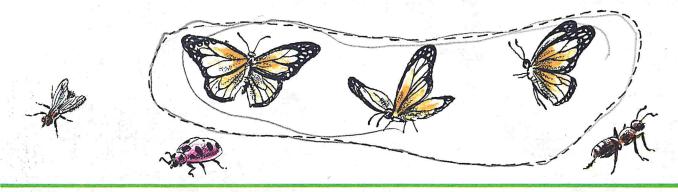
SUMMIT, NEW JERSEY PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA DALLAS, TEXAS ATLANTA, GEORGIA
PRINTED IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



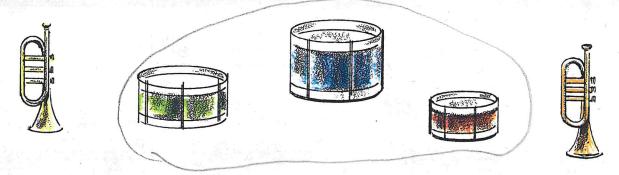
### Recognition of Sets



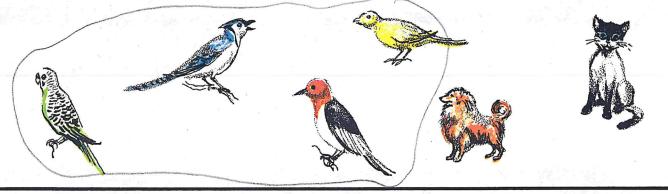
Draw a ring around the set of butterflies.



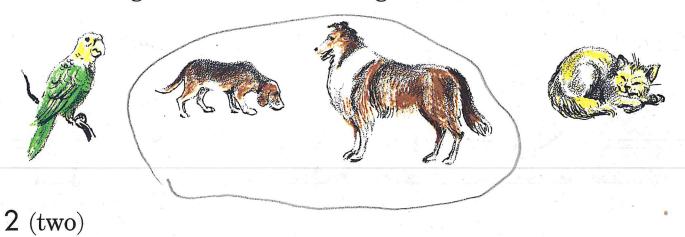
Draw a ring around the set of drums.



Draw a ring around the set of birds.



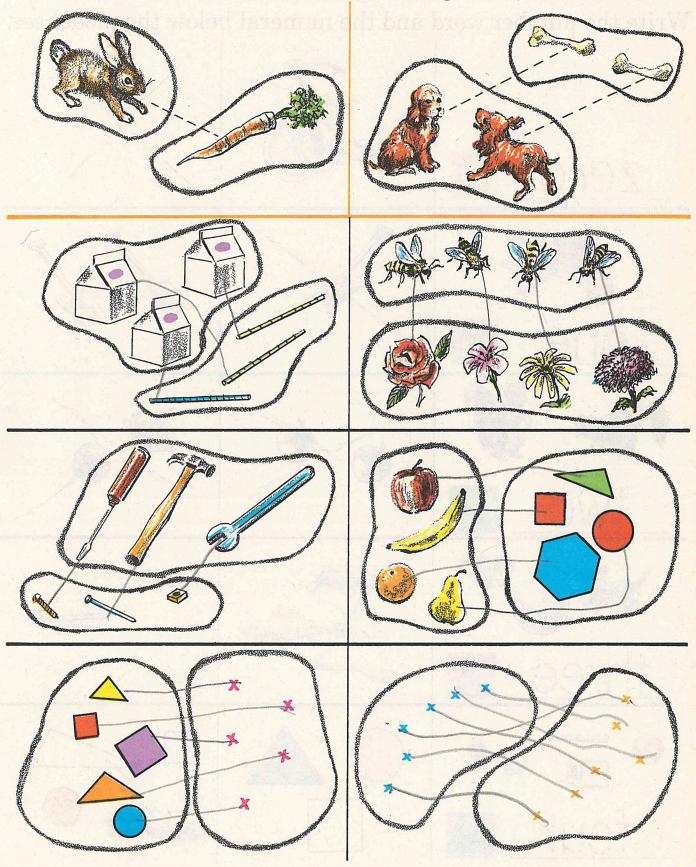
Draw a ring around the set of dogs.



### Equivalent Sets

(A)

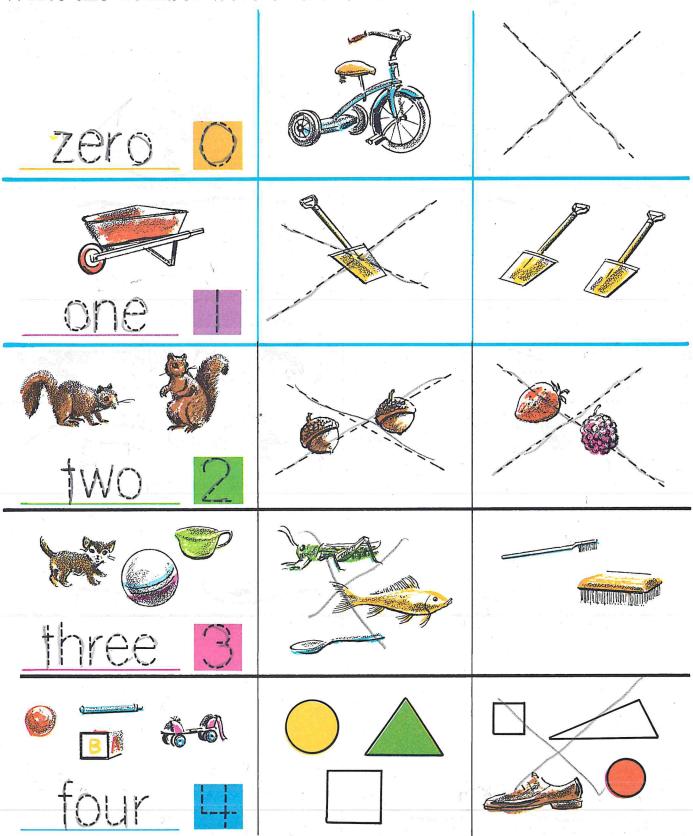
Draw lines to show one-to-one matchings.



### Number—Cardinal Concept

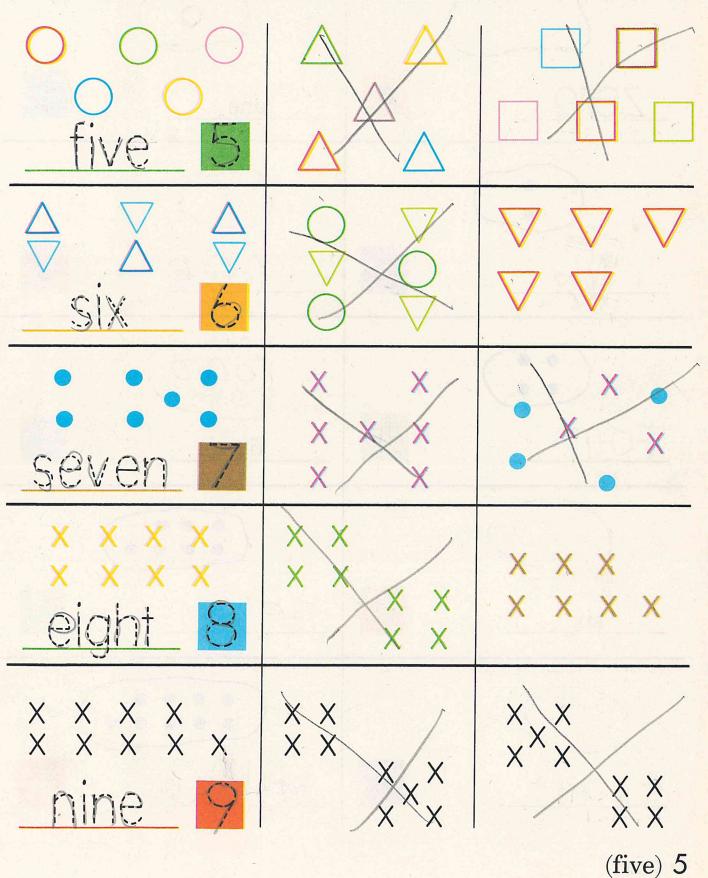


Mark an X on each set having the number of the model set. Write the number word and the numeral below the model set.



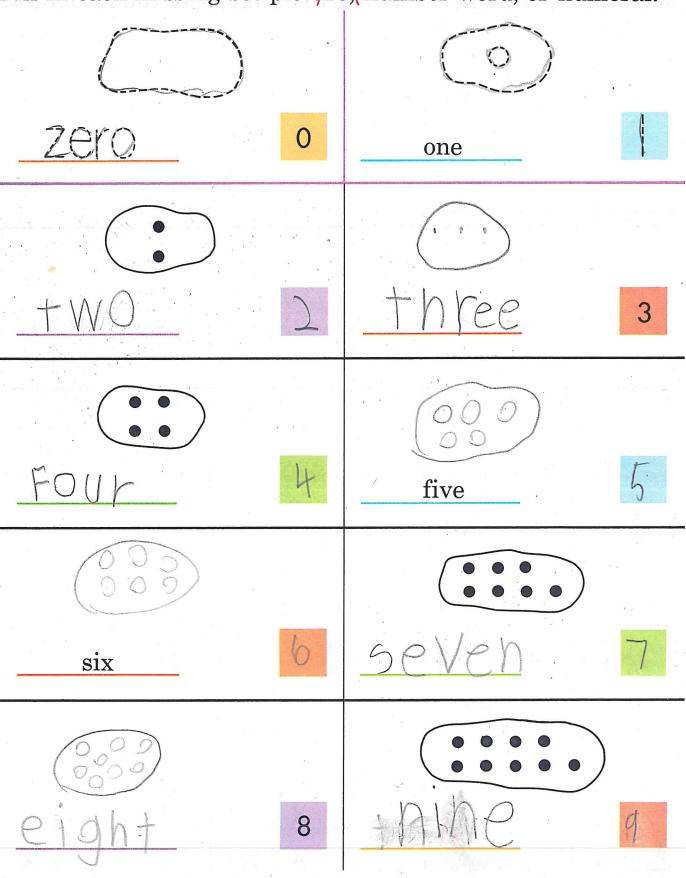
### Number—Cardinal Concept

Mark an X on each set having the number of the model set. Write the number word and the numeral below the model set.



### Numerals and Number Words

Fill in each missing set picture, number word, or numeral.



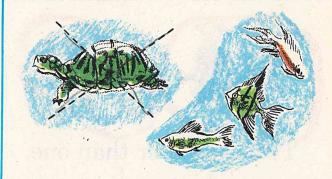
6 (six)

### Non-Equivalent Sets

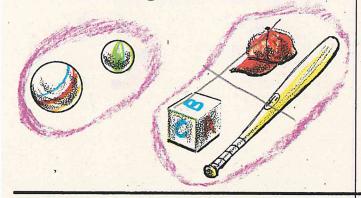
X the set of greater number.



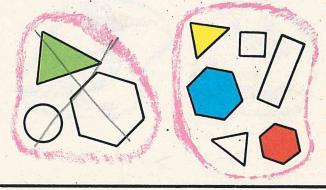
X the set of lesser number.



X the set of greater number.



X the set of lesser number.

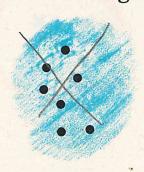


X the set of lesser number.



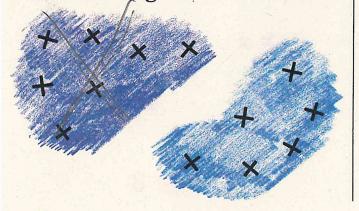


X the set of greater number.



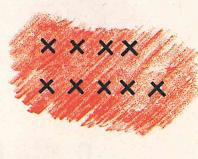


X the set of greater number.



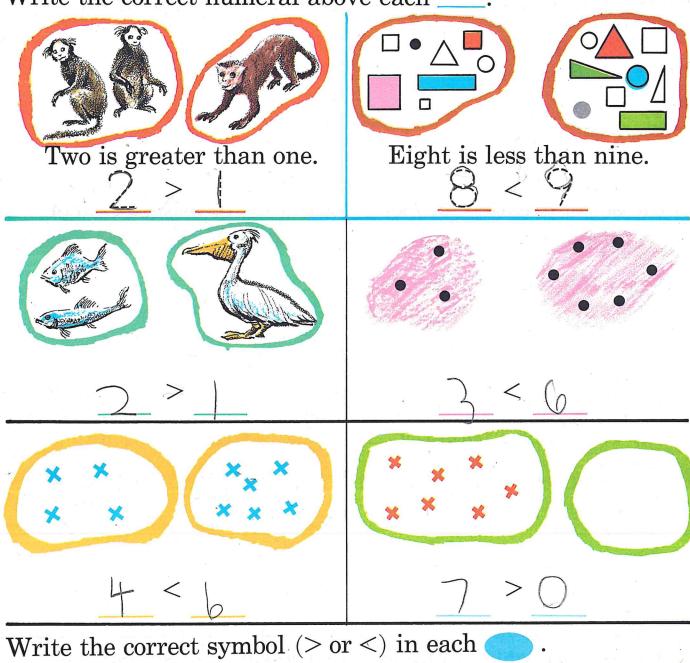
X the set of lesser number.

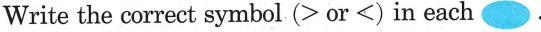


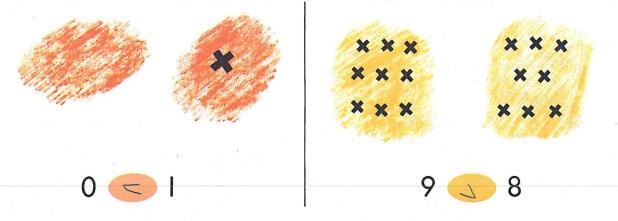


### Is Greater Than; Is Less Than

Write the correct numeral above each



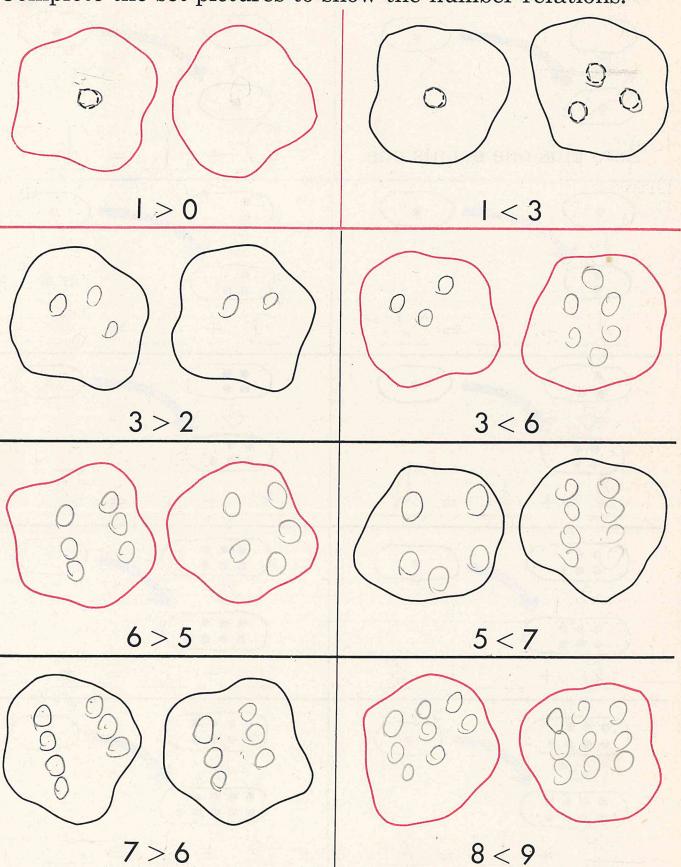




### Is Greater Than; Is Less Than



Complete the set pictures to show the number relations.



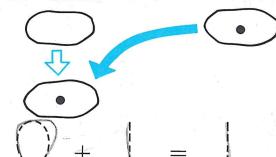
(nine) 9

### One More Than

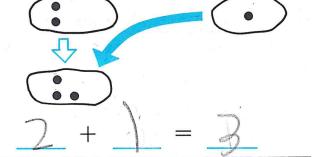
Write the correct numeral above each\_



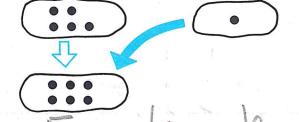
Zero plus one equals one.

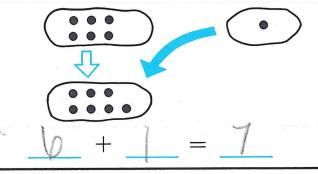


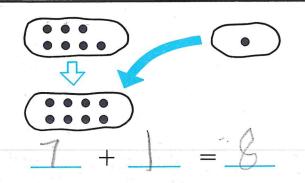


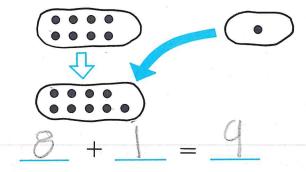








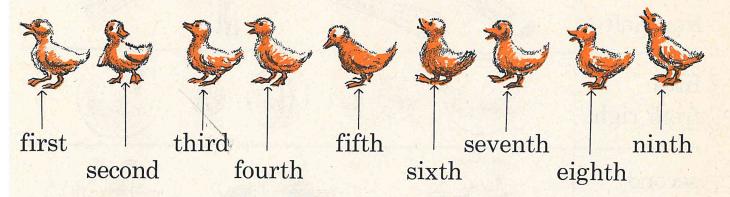




### Number—Ordinal Concept

Count the ducks from left to right.

Write the correct words above the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_'s.



The duck you count as I is called the \_\_\_\_\_\_duck.

The duck you count as 2 is called the SECONO duck.

The duck you count as 3 is called the fourth duck.

The duck you count as 4 is called the fifth duck.

The duck you count as 5 is called the fifth duck.

The duck you count as 6 is called the Sixth duck.

The duck you count as 7 is called the Seventh duck.

The duck you count as 8 is called the \_\_\_\_\_\_ duck.

The duck you count as 9 is called the \_\_\_\_\_\_ duck

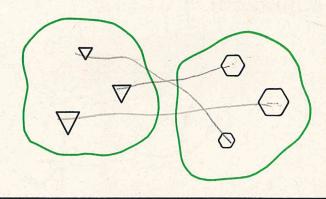
(eleven) 11

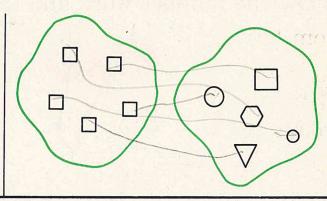
### Number—Ordinal Concept Mark an X on the correct picture. THE STATE OF THE S first from left fifth from right second from left fourth from right third from left eighth from right ninth from left sixth from right seventh $\triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle$ from left

### Checkup Time

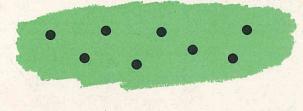
Draw lines to show one-to-one matchings.





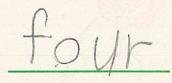


Fill in each missing set picture, number word, or numeral.



eight





4

Write a correct numeral in each  $\square$ .

Write the correct numeral in each  $\square$ .

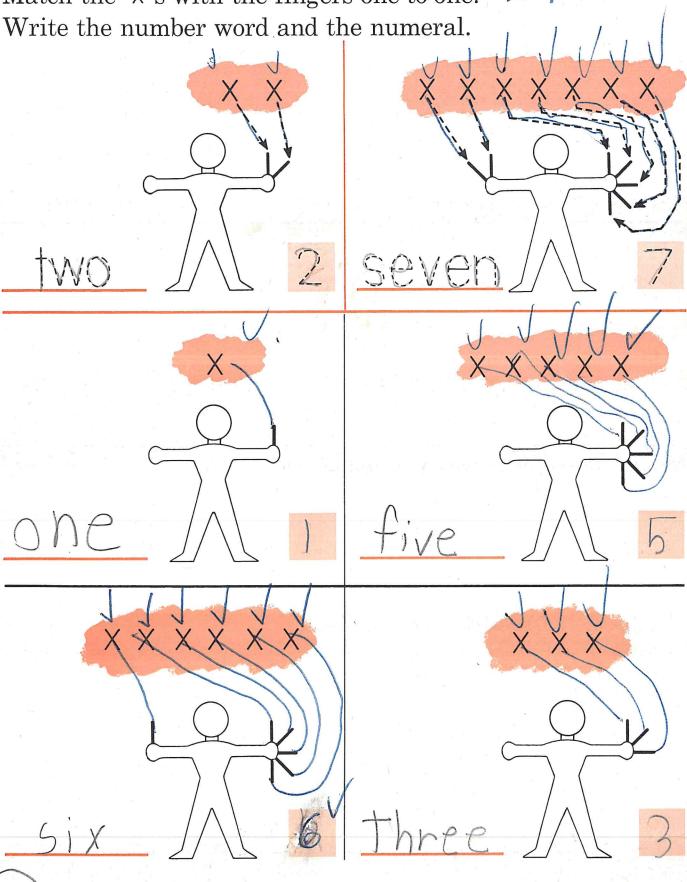
$$3 + 1 = 4$$

$$8 + 1 = 9$$

Write the missing number words above the \_\_\_\_\_'s.

First, Secondhird, four, fifth, sixth, Seventhe and hinth

### Base-Ten Numerals 0-9 Match the X's with the fingers one-to-one. Write the number word and the numeral.



(fourteen)

# Base-Ten Numerals 0-9 Match the X's with the fingers one-to-one. Write the number word and the numeral. (fifteen) (15

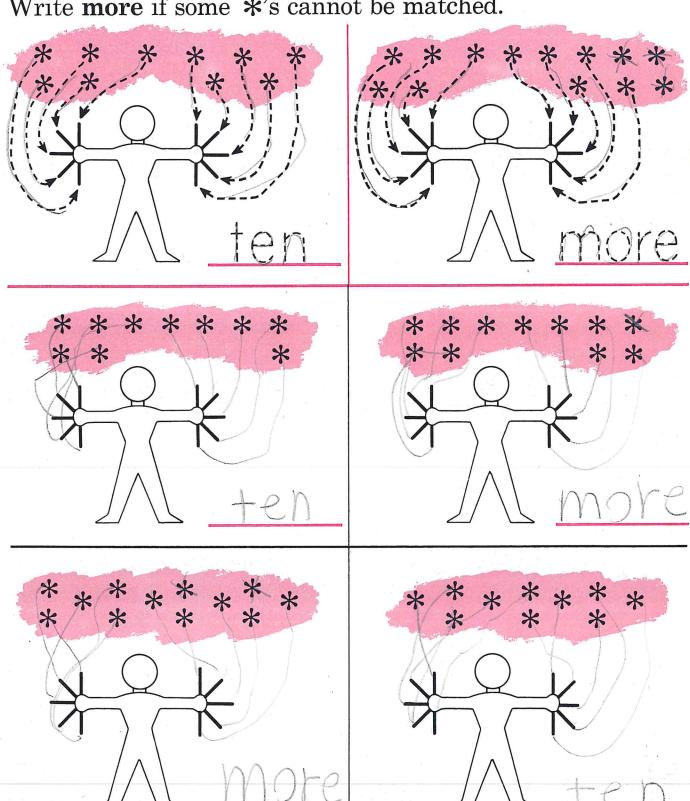
### Ten—the All Count



Match the \*\*'s with the fingers one-to-one.

Write the number word ten if the sets match.

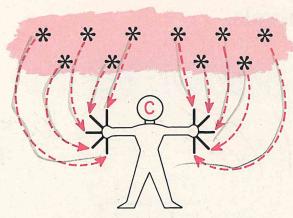
Write more if some \*\*'s cannot be matched.



16 (sixteen)

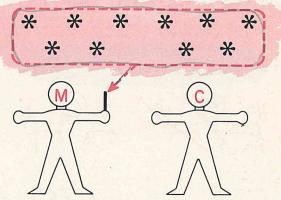
### The Number Ten and the Numeral 10





The counting man records ten ones

We now use a memory man.



He records the ten ones as



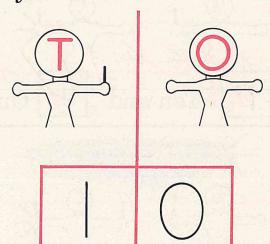
Both men together record



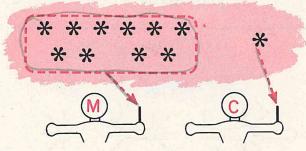
Ten and Ones.



They now show



Now the counting man can begin another count.

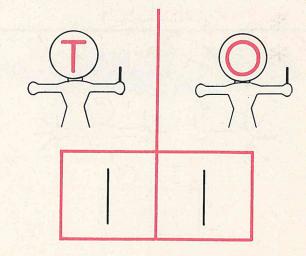


Both men together record



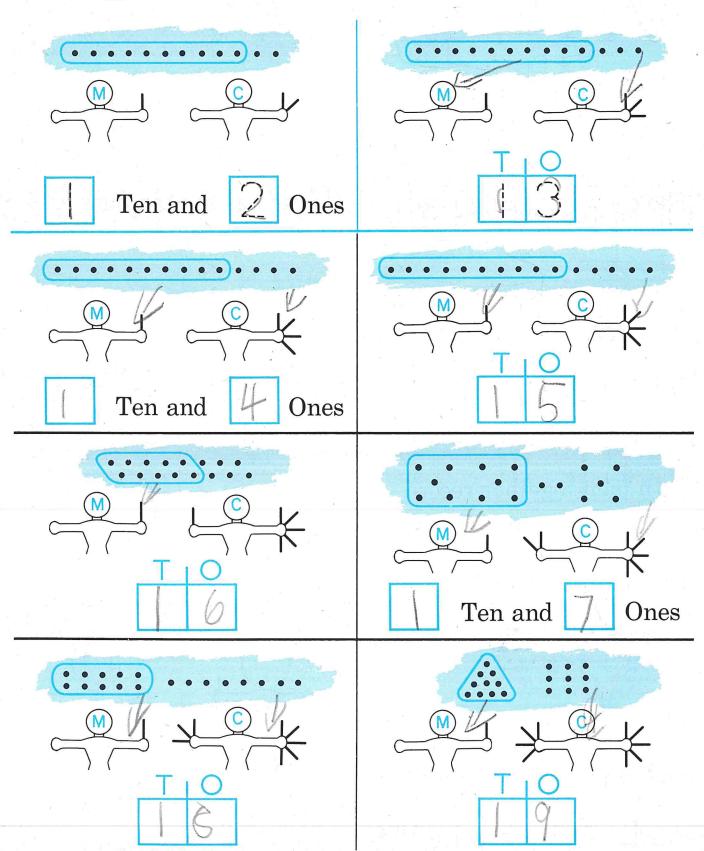
Ten and

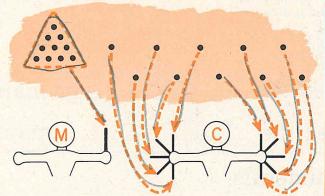






Fill the  $\square$ 's with the correct numerals.

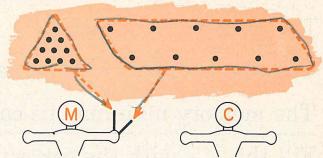




The M man and C man show One Ten and Ones.

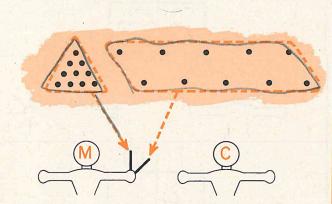


The other ten is recorded.



The M man now shows

They now show



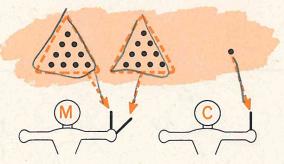
The M man and C man show

Tens and

Ones.

20

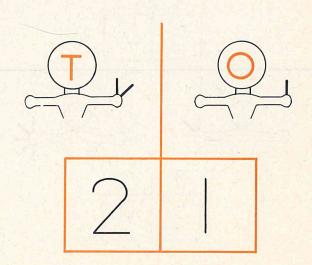
The counting man can begin another count.



The M man and C man show

Tens and

One.



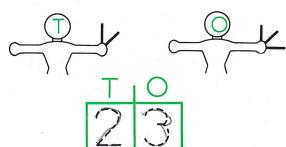
0

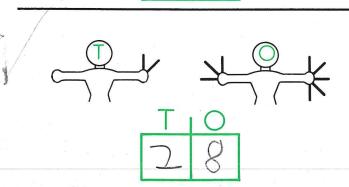
The counting man records \_\_\_\_\_OMS\_\_\_.

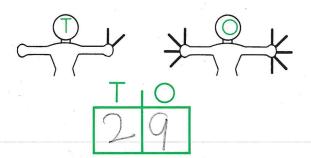
The counting man may be called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ man.

The memory man may be called the \_\_\_\_\_\_ man

Fill the  $\square$ 's with the correct numerals.





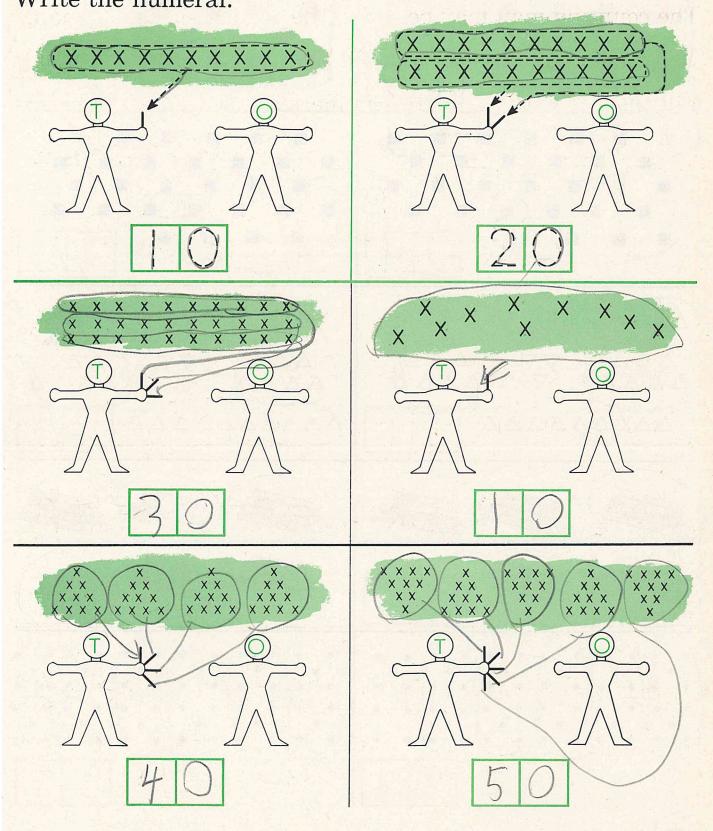


9

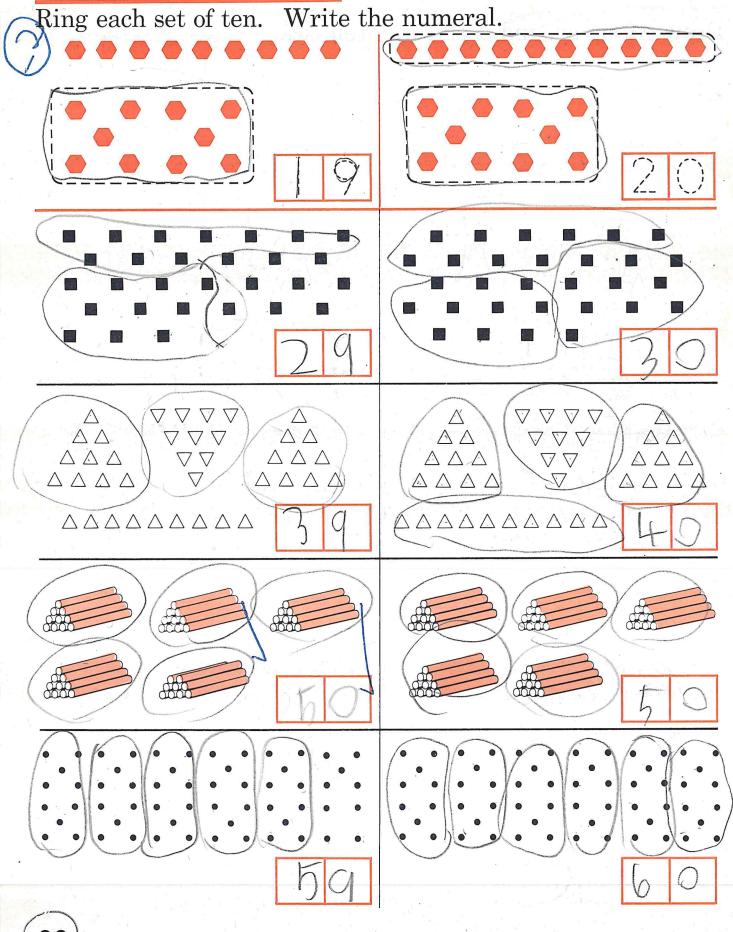
Draw a ring around each set of ten X's.

Match each set of ten X's with one finger of the T man.

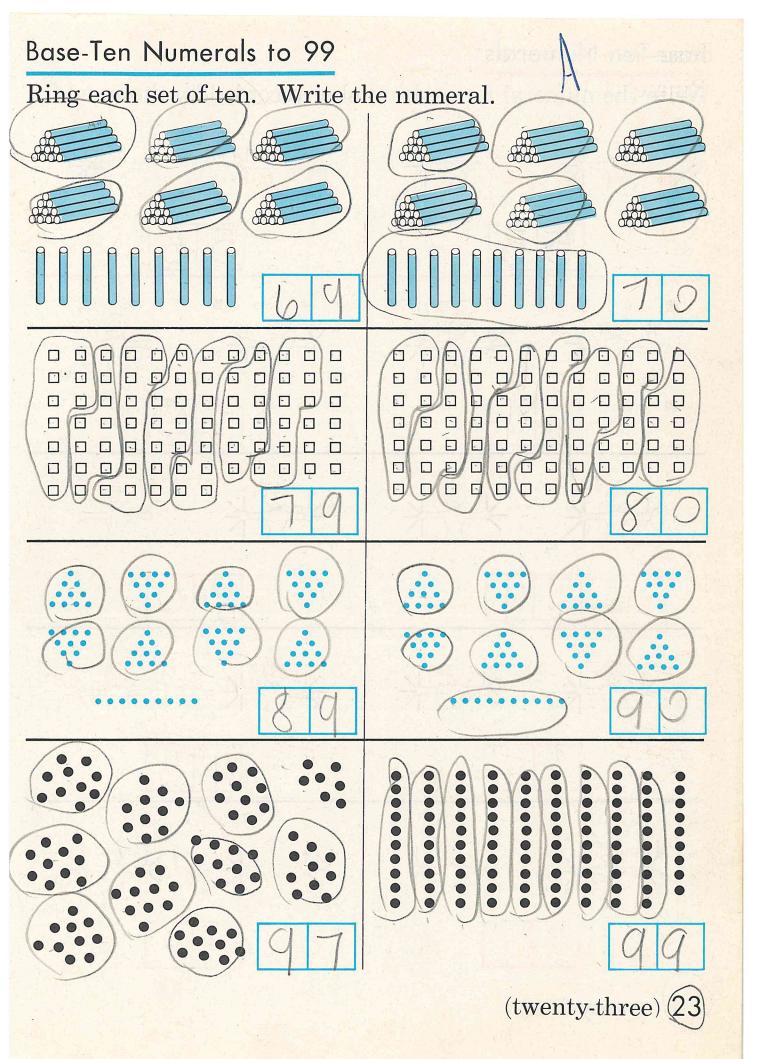
Write the numeral.



### Base-Ten Numerals to 99

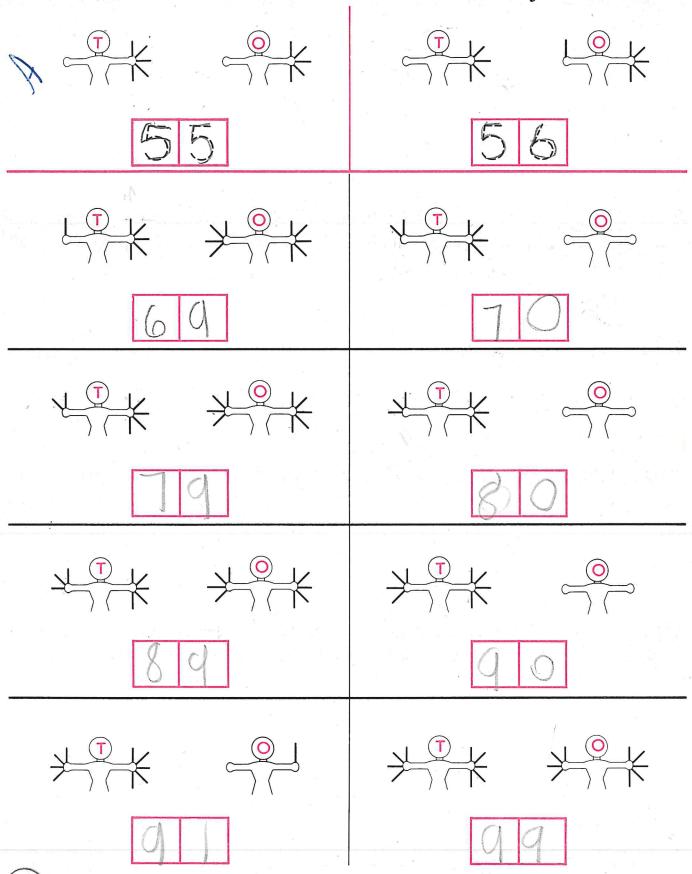


(22)(twenty-two)



### Base-Ten Numerals

Write the numeral for each number recorded by the men.

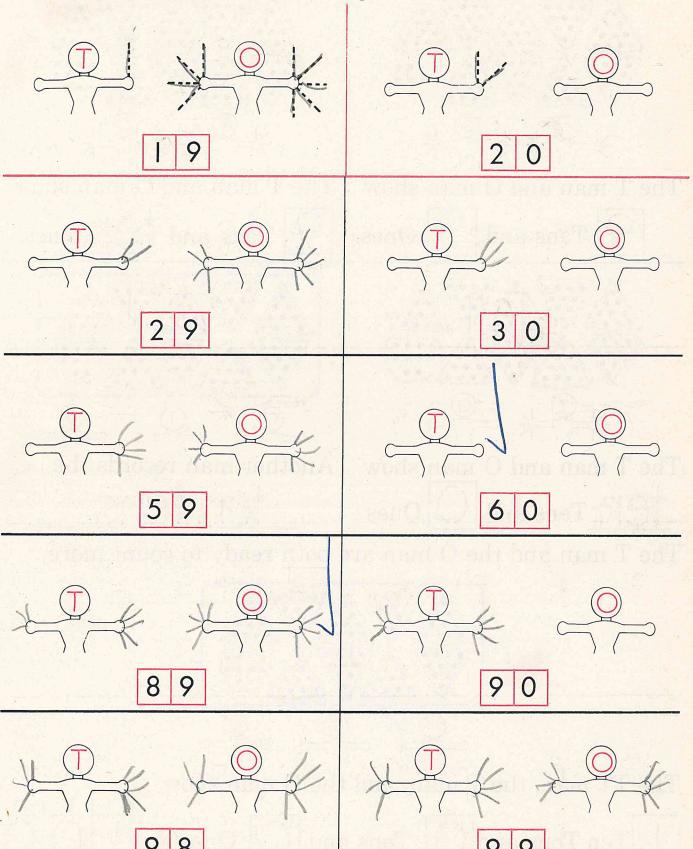


(24)(twenty-four)

### Base-Ten Numerals



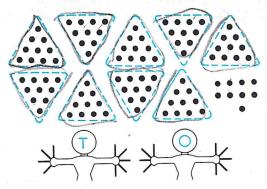
Draw the correct number of fingers on each set of men.



(twenty-five) 25

### The Ten Tens' (or Hundreds') Place





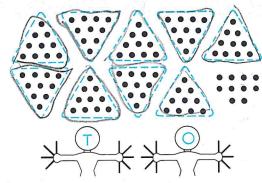
The T man and O man show



Tens and



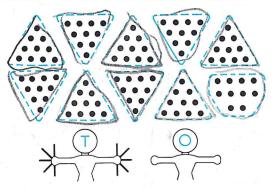
Ones.



The T man and O man show



Tens and TON Ones.



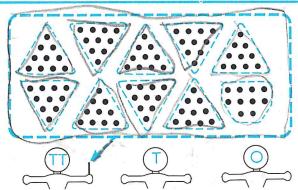
The T man and O man show



Tens and



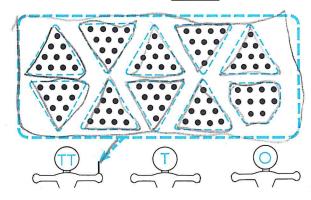
Ones.



Another man records the



The T man and the O man are both ready to count more.



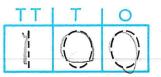
The TT man, the T man, and the O man show



Ten Tens and ( ) Tens and ( ) Ones or



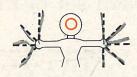


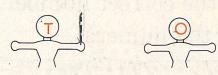


26 (twenty-six)

### The Ten Tens' (or Hundreds') Place

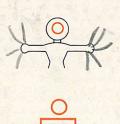
Draw the correct number of fingers on each set of men.



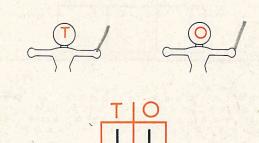


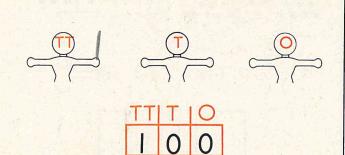


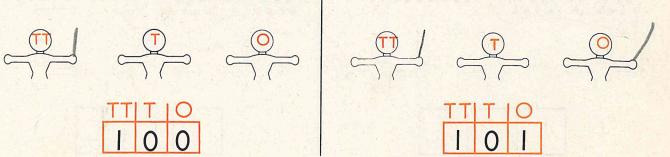












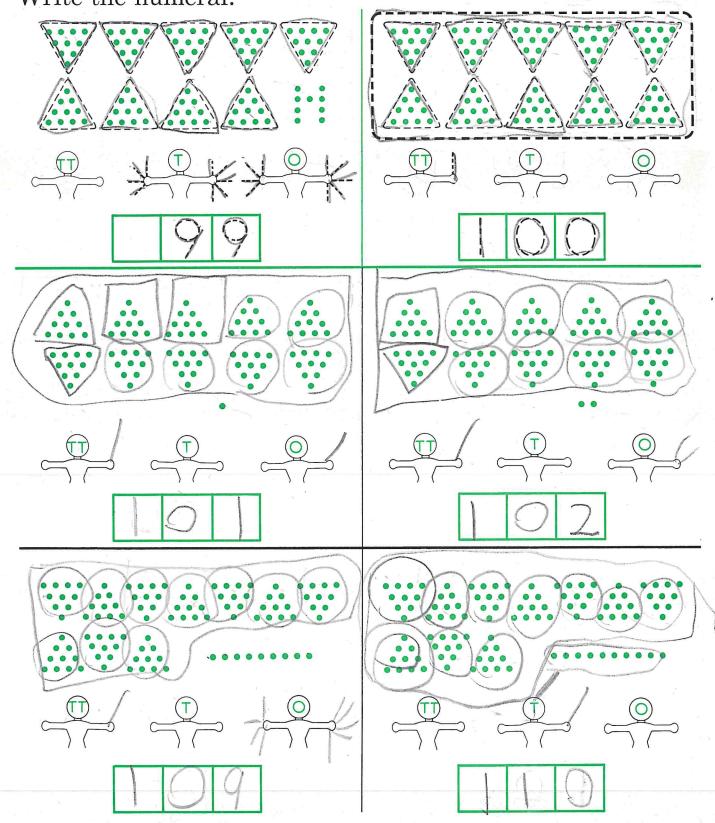
(twenty-seven) 27

### Three-Digit Numerals

Ring each set of ten. Then ring each set of ten tens.

Draw the correct number of fingers on each set of men.

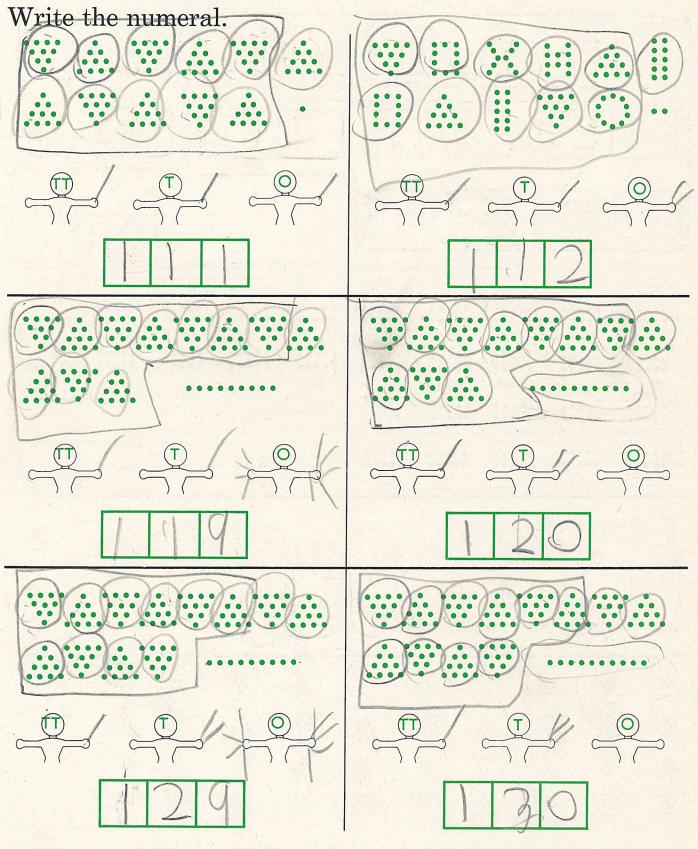
Write the numeral.



### Three-Digit Numerals

Ring each set of ten. Then ring each set of ten tens.

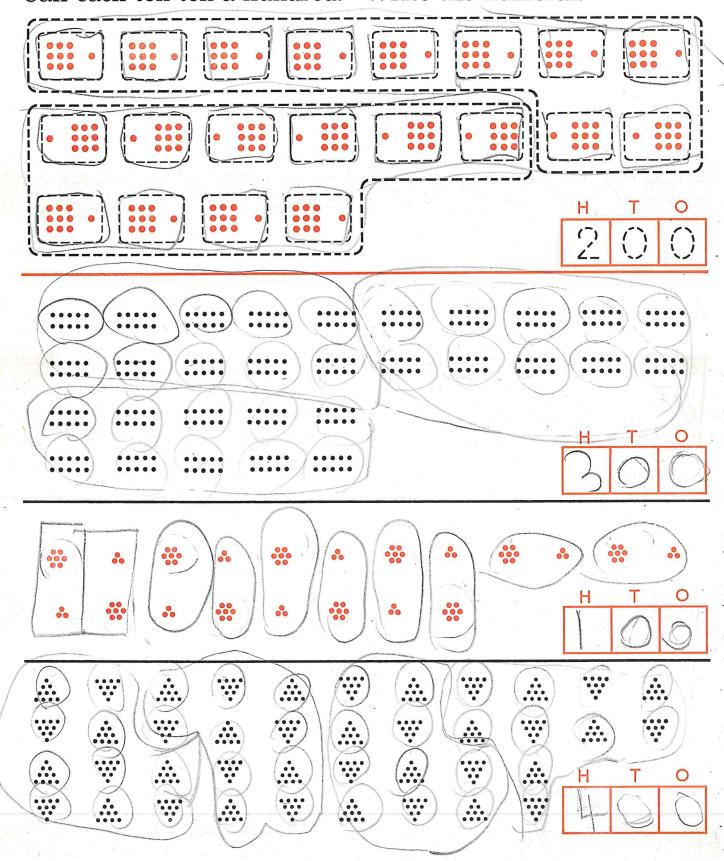
Draw the correct number of fingers on each set of men.



### Ten Tens or Hundreds



Ring each set of ten. Then ring each set of ten tens. Call each ten ten a hundred. Write the numeral.

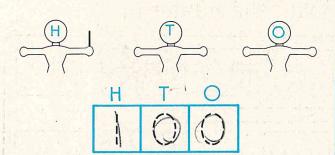


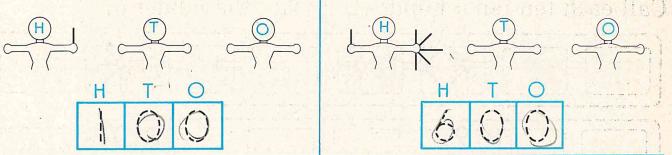
30 (thirty)

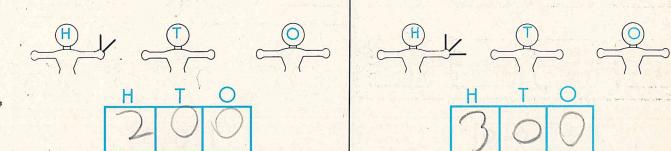
### Hundreds

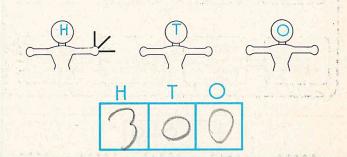
Ed Cymanian ing Ing I

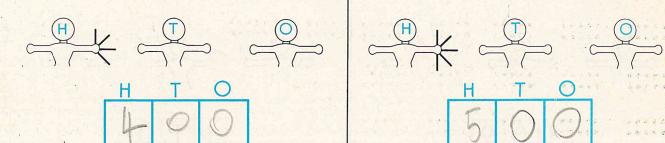
Write the numeral for each number recorded by the men.

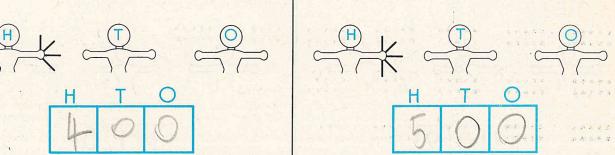


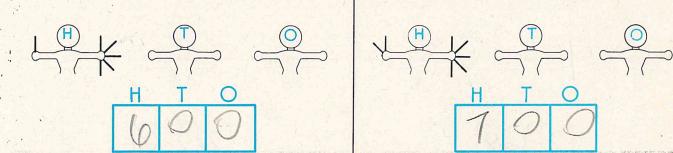








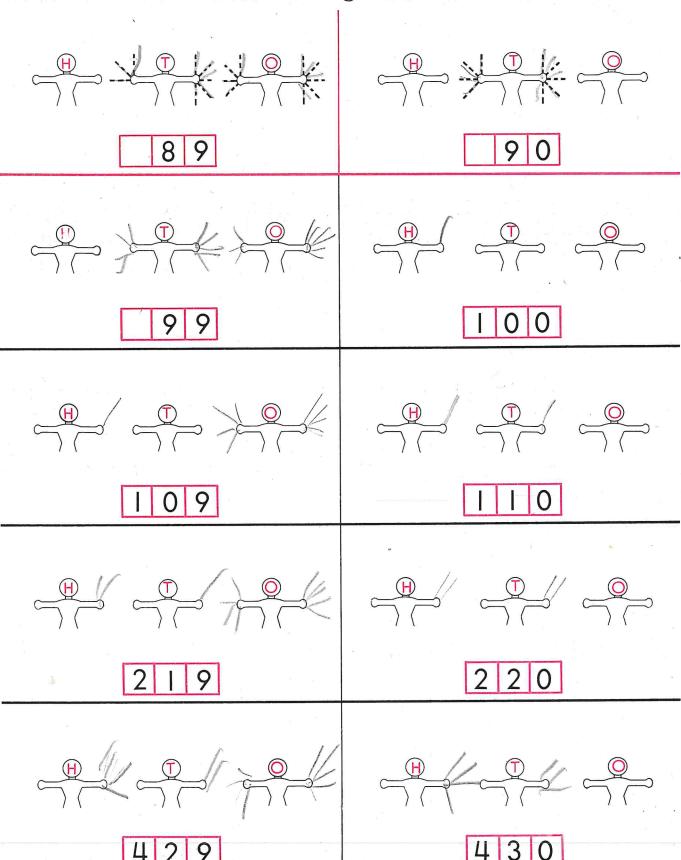




### Base-Ten Numerals to 999



Draw the correct number of fingers on each set of men.



32 (thirty-two)

### Base-Ten Numerals to 999

Draw the correct number of fingers on each set of men.

(thirty-three) (33)

### Renaming Numbers



Write the correct numeral above each \_\_\_\_\_.

27 means  $\frac{2}{2}$  tens plus  $\frac{7}{2}$  ones.

$$27 = 2 T + 7$$

$$27 = 20 + 7$$

19 means \_\_\_\_\_ ten plus \_\_\_\_ ones.

$$19 = 1 T + 1$$

91 means \_\_\_\_ tens plus \_\_\_\_ one.

$$91 = T + T$$

252 means hundreds plus tens plus ones.

$$252 = 2 H + 5 T + 2$$

$$252 = 2 + 5 + 2$$

34 (thirty-four)

## Renaming Numbers



Write the correct numeral above each

$$63 = 60 + 3$$

$$47 = 40 + 7$$

$$\Pi = \frac{10}{10} + \frac{1}{10}$$

$$51 = 90 + 1$$

$$121 = 100 + 20 + 1$$

$$112 = 100 + 10 + 2$$

$$211 = 20 + 10 + 2$$

## Number Words and Numerals



Write the numeral for each number word.

fourteen		seventy-five	75			
eleven	18	nineteen	19			
twenty	20	twenty-one	24			
thirty	30	thirty-two	32			
forty	40	forty-three	43			
fifty	50	fifty-four	54			
sixty-five	65	seventy-six	76			
eighty-eight	88	ninety-two	92			
two hundred forty-seven						
one hundred						
one hundred two						
three hundred fifteen 315						
nine hundred ninety-nine						

36 (thirty-six)

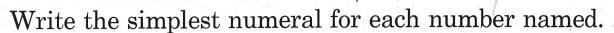
# Number Words and Numerals

Write the number word for each numeral.

12	twelve
18	eldhtyteen
29	twenty-hine
38	thirty- Plaht
47	forty-seven
56	fifty cix
65	SixtV-five
74	Beven+x-four
83	eighty-three
92	
961	ninety + WOI nimen hyndred sixty one

(thirty-seven) 37

## The Simplest Numeral



$$800 + 10 + 3 = 813$$

$$300 + 10 + 8 = 318$$

$$200 + 30 + 2 = 232$$

$$300 + 20 + 3 = 323$$

$$800 + 20 + 9 = 629$$

$$900 + 10 + 2 = 9/2$$

$$900 + 10 + 1 = 41/$$

$$900 + 90 + 9 = 949$$

$$900 + 70 + 0 = 0.70$$

$$900 + 70 =$$

$$900 + 0 + 1 = 900$$

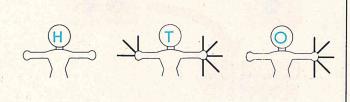
$$900 + 1 =$$

$$900 + 90 + 9 = 9999$$

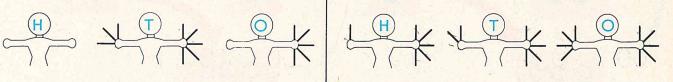
# Checkup Time



Write the numeral for each number recorded by the men.

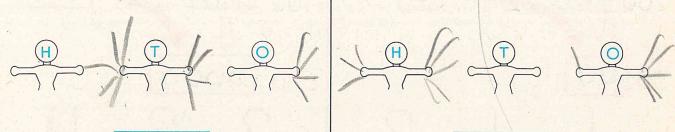


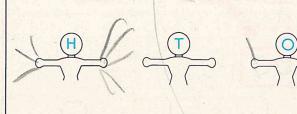






Draw the correct number of fingers on each set of men.





Write the correct numeral above each \_\_\_\_\_

17 means \_\_\_\_ ten plus \_\_\_\_ ones.

$$83 = 2 T + 3$$

$$343 = 3 H + 4 T + 3$$
 $972 = 900 + 70$ 

Write the number word or the numeral for each number.

se venty-nine

seven hundred sixty-four

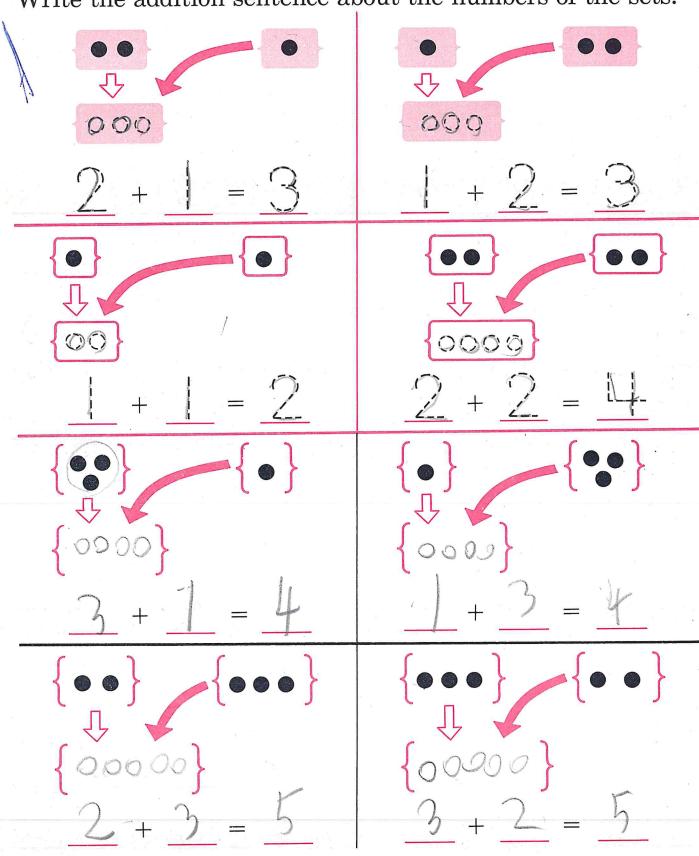
123

e-hypered + went

# Joining Sets and Adding Numbers

Draw each set which is formed by joining two sets.

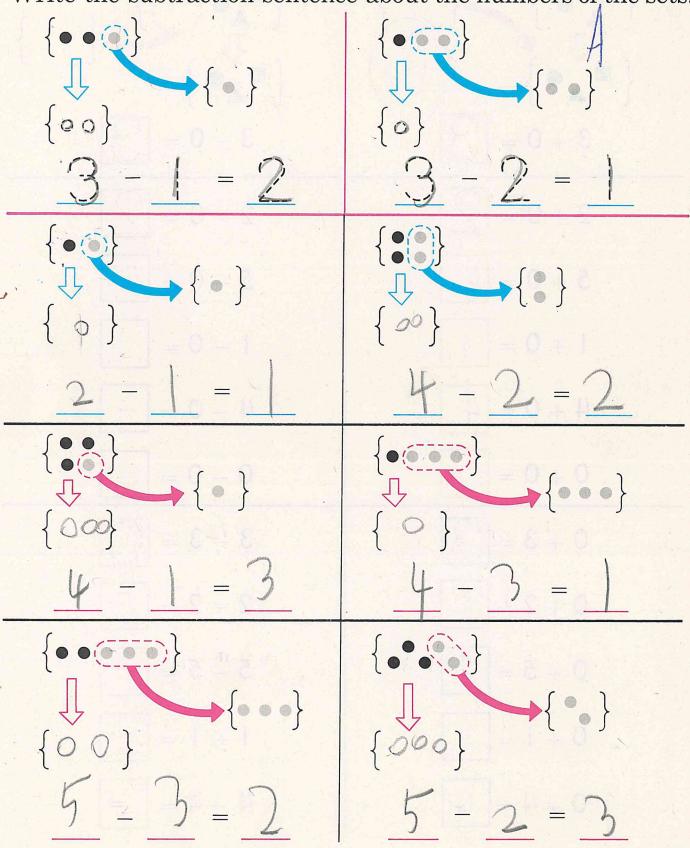
Write the addition sentence about the numbers of the sets.



40 (forty)

## Separating Sets and Subtracting Numbers

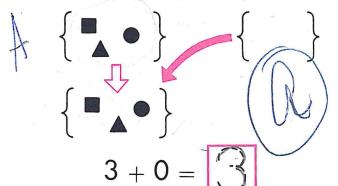
Draw each set which is formed by taking one set from another. Write the subtraction sentence about the numbers of the sets.



(forty-one) 41

#### The Empty Set and the Number Zero

Write the correct numeral in each .



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \bullet \\ \bullet \\ \bullet \\ \end{array} \right\}$$

$$3 - 0 = \boxed{3}$$

$$2 + 0 = 2$$

$$2 - 0 = 2$$

$$5 - 0 = \boxed{5}$$

$$1 + 0 =$$

$$I - 0 = \boxed{\phantom{a}}$$

$$4 + 0 = 4$$

$$4-0=$$

$$0 + 0 = \bigcirc$$

$$0 - 0 = \boxed{}$$

$$0 + 3 = 3$$

$$3-3=$$

$$0 + 2 = 2$$

$$0 + 5 = 5$$

$$5 - 5 =$$

$$0 + 1 = 1$$

$$I_1 - I = \boxed{}$$

## Addition and Subtraction Combinations of Five



Write the correct numeral in each .

#### Do

$$0 + 5 = 5$$

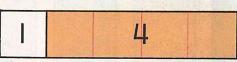
$$2 + 3 = 5$$

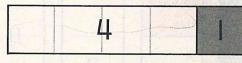
$$4 + 1 = 5$$

$$5+0=\overline{b}$$

# | 2 3 4 5







#### Undo

$$5-5=$$

$$5-2=3$$

$$5 - 0 = \boxed{5}$$

Write the correct numeral in each .

$$3 + 2 = 5$$

$$3+2=5$$

$$3 + 2 = 5$$

$$2 + 3 = 5$$

$$2 + 3 = 5$$

$$2 + 3 = 5$$

$$+1=5$$

$$0 + | \int | = 5 |$$

$$5 + 0 = 5$$

$$5-3=2$$

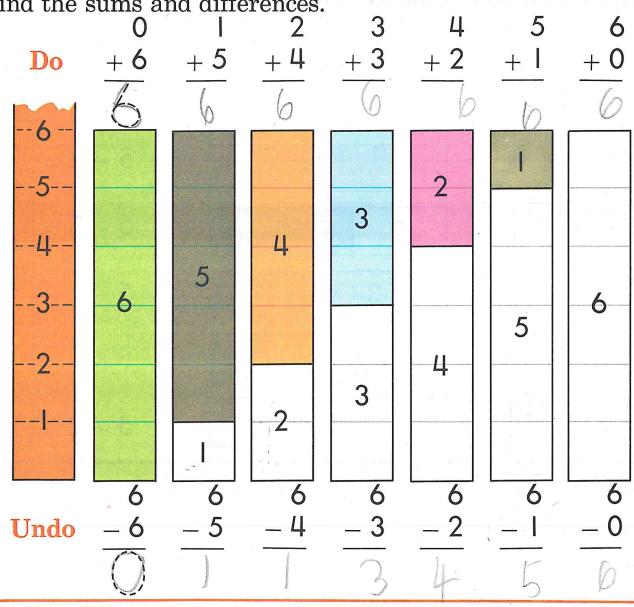
$$5-5=0$$

$$5 - H = I$$



## Addition and Subtraction Combinations of Six

Find the sums and differences.



Write the correct numeral in each ....

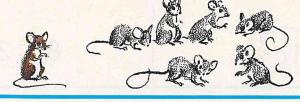
44 (forty-four)

#### Addition and Subtraction Combinations of Seven

Write the correct numeral in each  $\Box$ .



$$7-7=\bigcirc$$







$$7-5=$$







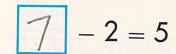




$$+2 = 7$$









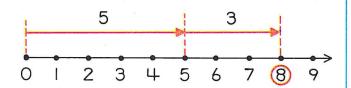


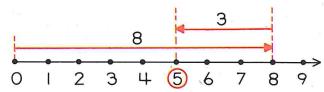
$$+0 = 7$$

$$-0 = 7$$

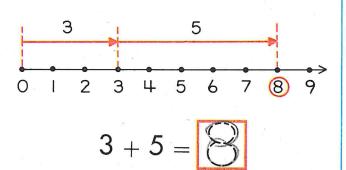
# Addition and Subtraction Combinations of Eight

Study each number line. Then solve each open sentence.

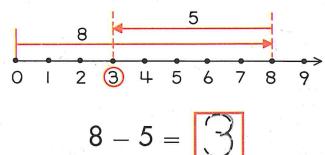




$$8 - 3 = 5$$



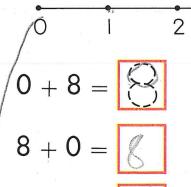
3



7

6

Think of moves on the number line to solve each open sentence.



$$7 + 1 = 8$$

$$8 - 3 = 5$$

46 (forty-six)

$$6+2=$$

$$2 + 6 = 8$$

$$8 - 4 = 4$$

$$6.7 - 7 = 1$$

$$8 - 6 = 2$$

$$8 - 2 = 6$$

$$8 - 1 = 7$$

$$8 - 1 = 7$$

$$8 - 0 = 6$$

$$8-8=0$$

## Addition and Subtraction Combinations of Nine

Think of moves on the number line to solve each open sentence.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

4 + 5 = 9 5 + 4 = 9

9 - 3 = 6

3 + 6 = 9

7 + 2 = 9

9 - 6 = 3

6 + 7 = 9

2 + 7 = 9

9 - ( = 2

| - | = 8

9 - 2 = 7

( + 9 = 9

 $1 + \sqrt{9} = 9$ 

8 + = 9

4 + 0 = 9

9 - 9 =

9 - 4 = 5

9 - 3 = 6

-8=1

 $9-\sqrt{5}\neq 4$ 

Write the correct symbol (+ or -) in each  $\bullet$ .

4 - + 5 = 9

9 5 = 4

3 + 6 = 9

5 + 3 = 9

9 - 3 = 6

9 | 1 = 8

 $9 \bigcirc 9 = 0$ 

0 7 9 = 9

3 + 1 = 9

(forty-seven) 47

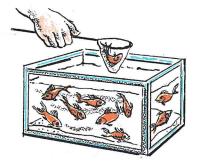
#### Addition and Subtraction Combinations of Ten

Solve each open sentence.



$$10 - 3 = 7$$

$$9 + 1 = 10$$





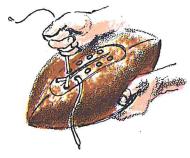


$$1+9=$$

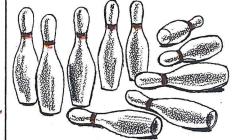


$$10 - 9 =$$









$$10 - 5 = 5$$

# Addition and Subtraction Combinations of Ten (1)



Fill in the blanks so each addition sentence is different.

$$10 = 1 + 3$$
  $10 = 4 + 6$ 

Solve each open sentence.

$$7 + 3 = 10$$

$$9 + 1 = 10$$

$$4 + 6 = 10$$

$$3 + 1 = 10$$

$$2 + 8 = 10$$

$$+6 = 10$$

$$5 + 5 = 10$$

$$10 - 5 = 5$$

$$6 + 2 = 10$$

$$10 - 3 = 7$$

#### Adding Three Numbers

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

Of three numbers being added, any two can be grouped.

## Adding Three Numbers



Find each sum.

$$(6 + 3) + 1 = 10$$

$$6 + (3 + 1) =$$

#### **Think**

$$\begin{array}{c}
3 \\
2 \\
 \end{array} \longrightarrow 5$$

$$+ 4 \\
 \longrightarrow 4 \\
 \longrightarrow 9$$
Write

#### Think

$$\begin{array}{c}
2\\
4
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
6\\
+3 \longrightarrow 3\\
\hline
9\\
\end{array}$$
Write

#### Think

$$(5+2)+0=$$

$$1 + (7 + 2) =$$

$$(3 + 2) + 2 =$$

$$5 + (2 + 0) = 7$$

$$(1 + 7) + 2 =$$

$$3 + (2 + 2) =$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 5 \\ + 1 \\ \hline q \end{array}$$

#### Solving Problems

Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

I. There were 8 books on a shelf. Then 2 more books were placed on the shelf. How many books were on the shelf?

Work space

2. Tim owns 6 chicks. He wants to have 10 chicks to raise. How many more chicks does Tim need?

- 3. Mary had 10 doll dresses. She gave 3 doll dresses to Sue. How many doll dresses did Mary have left?
- 4. Ken is 9 years old. In how many years will Ken be 10 years old?

#### Ten Plus a Number of Ones

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

$$\frac{1}{1} T + \frac{2}{2} = \frac{10}{10} + \frac{2}{2} = \frac{12}{2}$$







$$T + _{--} = _{--} + _{--} = _{--}$$









## Using 10 to Make Addition Easy

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

$$9 + 4 = 9 + (1 + 3) = (9 + 1) + 3 = 10 + 3 = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$2 + 8 = 3 + (7 + 1) = (3 + 7) + 1 = 10 + 1 = \underline{\phantom{0}}$$

$$9 + 4 = (3 + 6) + 4 = 3 + (6 + 4) = 3 + 10 = \underline{\phantom{0}}$$

$$2 + 4 = (3 + 6) + 4 = 3 + (6 + 4) = 3 + 10 = \underline{\phantom{0}}$$

$$3 + 8 = (1 + 2) + 8 = 1 + (2 + 8) = 1 + 10 = _____$$
 54 (fifty-four)

## Using 10 to Make Addition Easy

In  $8 + 5 = \square$ , to make 10 add 2 to 8. Name 5 as 2 + 3.

$$8 + 5 = 8 + (2 + 3) = (8 + 2) + 3 = 10 + 3 = 13$$

In  $8 + 5 = \square$ , to make 10 add 5 to 5. Name 8 as 3 + 5.

$$8 + 5 = (3 + 5) + 5 = 3 + (5 + 5) = 3 + 10 = 13$$

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

$$4 + 7 = 4 + (6 + \frac{1}{10}) = (4 + 6) + \frac{1}{10} = 10 + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$4 + 7 = (1 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 7 = 1 + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 7) = 1 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$8 + 6 = 8 + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 4) = (8 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 4 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$8 + 6 = (4 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 6 = 4 + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 6) = 4 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$6 + 6 = 6 + (4 + ___) = (6 + 4) + ___ = 10 + ___ = ____$$

$$4 + 9 = 4 + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 3) = (4 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$8 + 3 = 8 + (2 + ___) = (8 + 2) + ___ = 10 + ___ = ____$$

$$2 + 9 = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 1) + 9 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (1 + 9) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 10 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$7 + 7 = 7 + (3 + ___) = (7 + 3) + ___ = 10 + __ = ___$$

(fifty-five) 55

## Using 10 to Make Addition Easy

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

$$9 + 3 = 10 + \frac{2}{2} = \frac{10}{12}$$

$$3 + 9 = 10 + \frac{10}{2} = \frac{10}{12}$$

$$9 + 5 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$5 + 9 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$9 + 6 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$6 + 9 = 10 + _{--} = _{--}$$

$$9 + 7 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$7 + 9 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$8 + 7 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$7 + 8 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$8 + 8 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$9 + 9 = 10 + _{---} = _{----}$$

$$8 + 9 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$9 + 8 = 10 + _{---} = _{----}$$

$$4 + 8 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$5 + 8 = 10 + _{---} = _{----}$$

$$8 + 4 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$8 + 5 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$7 + 5 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$6 + 5 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$6 + 7 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$5 + 7 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$5 + 6 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$7 + 6 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

56 (fifty-six)

## Using 10 to Make Subtraction Easy

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

$$1 + (10 - 4)$$

$$13 - 6 = 3 + (10 - 6) = 3 + 11 = 7$$

$$12 - 4 = 2 + (10) - 11 = 2 + 6 = 8$$

#### Using 10 to Make Subtraction Easy

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

$$13 - 4 = 3 + (10 - 1) = 3 + 6 = 9$$

$$12 - 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$11 - 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$11 - 2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$12 - 8 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$12 - 7 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$12 - 6 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$13 - 7 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$13 - 8 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$15 - 9 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

58 (fifty-eight)

## Using 10 to Make Subtraction Easy

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

Think Write 15 - 7 = 5 + (10 - 7) = 2 + 2 = 2

$$15 - 8 = \frac{15}{2} + \frac{2}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$12 - 5 = \frac{2}{2} + \frac{5}{2} =$$

$$11 - 7 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$12 - 9 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

(fifty-nine) 59

## Finding Sums

Find each sum.

# Finding Differences

Find each difference.

#### The Basic Addition and Subtraction Facts

Complete the addition and subtraction table below.

$$0 + 0 = 0$$
  
 $0 + 1 = 1$   
 $0 + 2 = 2$   
 $1 + 0 = 1$   
 $1 + 1 = 2$   
 $1 + 2 = 3$   
 $2 + 0 = 2$   
 $2 + 1 = 3$   
 $2 + 2 = 4$ 

+/			2
		1	1
	. () [	01	3
2	17.	3	1 1

0	_	0	===	0
	-		=	0
2		2	=	0
		0	=	1
2			=	
3	_	2	=	I
2		0	=	2
3	_		=	2
4	_	2	=	2

Complete the addition and subtraction table below.

+_			2		Ц	5	6	7	8	9
		5 ·	,	in the second se	*			 		
			e 1		ч и -				, 2	ζ.
2								(c)		×
3	e e	, a					·		٠	
4	×	ų.		4						
5			1 ×	<u> </u>						
6	1						r			-
7						8		·		
8		,			. 2 .	,	. ×		n 5	
9	1									

## Checkup Time

Solve each open sentence.

$$3 - 1 =$$

$$+5 = 5$$

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

$$9 + 4 = 9 + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 3) = (9 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 3 = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$6 + 8 = 6 + (4 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = (6 + 4) + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 10 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

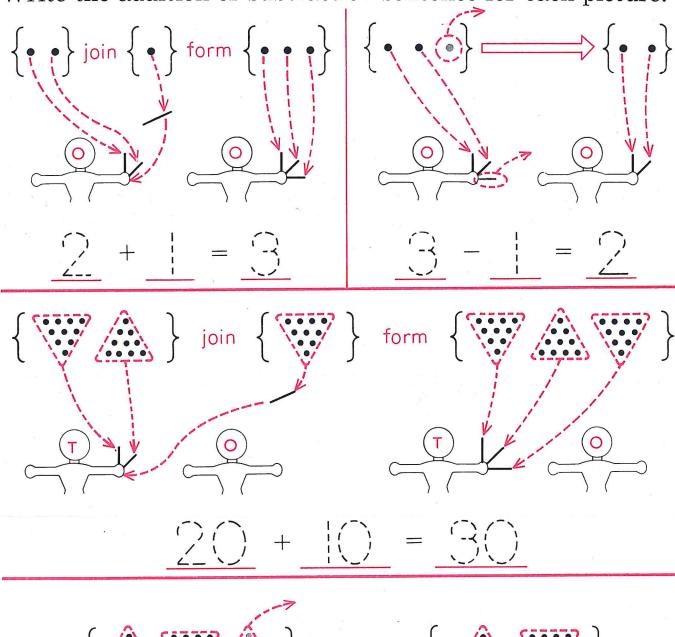
$$11 - 4 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (10 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

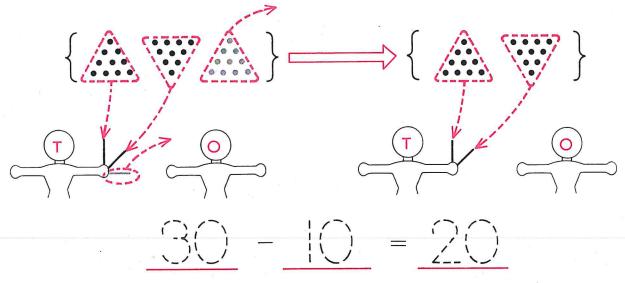
$$14 - 5 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + (10 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Find each sum or difference.

## Adding and Subtracting Tens

Write the addition or subtraction sentence for each picture.





**64** (sixty-four)

## Adding and Subtracting Tens

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

$$30 + 40 = 3T + 1 = 7T = 70$$

$$70 - 40 = \frac{7}{1} - \frac{1}{1} - \frac{3}{1} = \frac{3}$$

$$20 + 60 = \underline{\qquad} T + \underline{\qquad} T = \underline{\qquad} T = \underline{\qquad}$$

$$80 - 60 = _{T} - _{T} = _{T} = _{0}$$

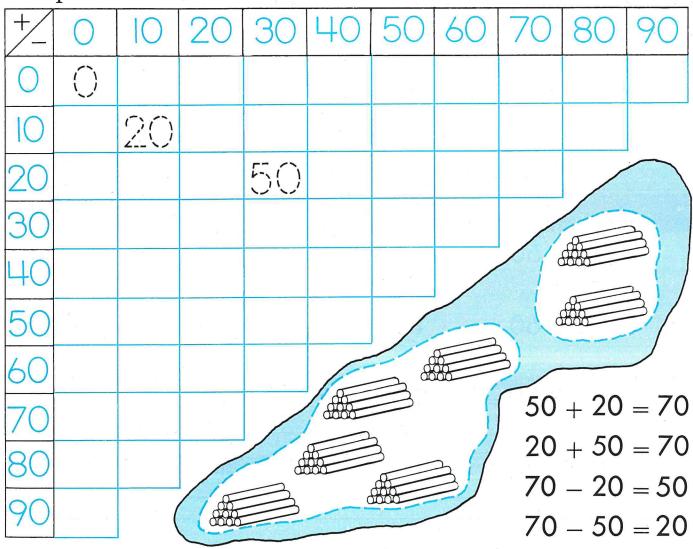
$$60 + 20 = \underline{\qquad} T + \underline{\qquad} T = \underline{\qquad} T = \underline{\qquad}$$

$$80 - 20 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} T - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} T = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} T = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Find each sum or difference.

## Adding and Subtracting Tens

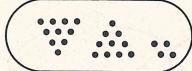
Complete the addition and subtraction table below.

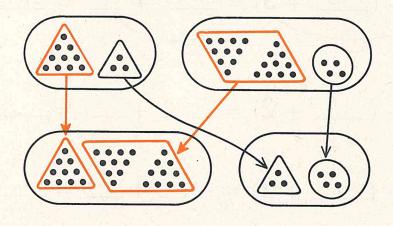


Find the sum or difference.

Study the set pictures. Then fill each blank correctly.

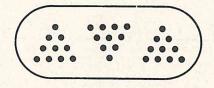


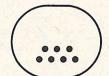


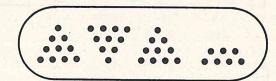


$$(10+3)+(20+4)$$

(10 + 20) + (3 + 4)







Write the correct numeral in each blank.

$$13 + 24 = (10 + 3) + (20 + 4) = 30 + 7 = 37$$

$$47 + 32 = (110 + 7) + (30 + 2) = 70 + 9 = 79$$

Study the example. Write the correct numeral in each blank.

$$47 + 22 = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 7) + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 2) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$47 + 12 = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 7) + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 2) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$47 + 2 = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 7) + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 2) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$78 + II = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 8) + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + I) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$69 + 10 = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 9) + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 0) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$10 + 69 = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 0) + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 9) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$92 + 5 = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 2) + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 5) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$45 + 54 = (\underline{\phantom{0}} + 5) + (\underline{\phantom{0}} + 4) = \underline{\phantom{0}} + \underline{\phantom{0}} = \underline{\phantom{0}}$$

$$6 + 53 = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 6) + (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 3) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$
 68 (sixty-eight)

Study the examples. Then find each sum.

(sixty-nine) 69

Study the examples. Then find each sum.

	Think	Write		Think	Write
47	(40 + 7)	47	47	10 47	47
+ 3 2	+(30+2)	+ 3 2	+ 3 2	+ 3 2	+ 3 2
	70+9	79	 (\	79	79

## Subtracting with Two-Digit Numerals

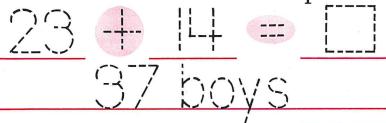
Study the examples. Then find each difference.

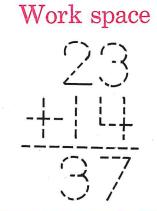
	Think	Write	utit tii ee	Think T O	Write
79	(70+9)	79	79	79	79
-32	-(30+2)	- 3 2	- 3 2	-32	- 3 2
	40+7	1-17		47	147

## Solving Problems

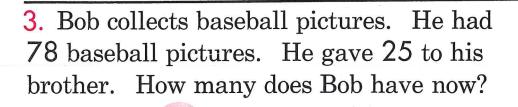
Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

I. There were 23 boys in Jim's Cub Scout pack. Then 14 more boys joined. How many boys are there in the Cub Scout pack now?





2. There are | 5 girls and | | boys in Ann's class. How many pupils are in her class?



4. There are 25 girls in Beth's Brownie troop. Only 15 of them are going on a trip. How many are not going?

Study the example. Then find each sum.

Add the ones. Rename the ones. Add the tens.

Add the ones. Rename the ones. Add the tens.

Add the ones. Rename the ones. Add the tens.

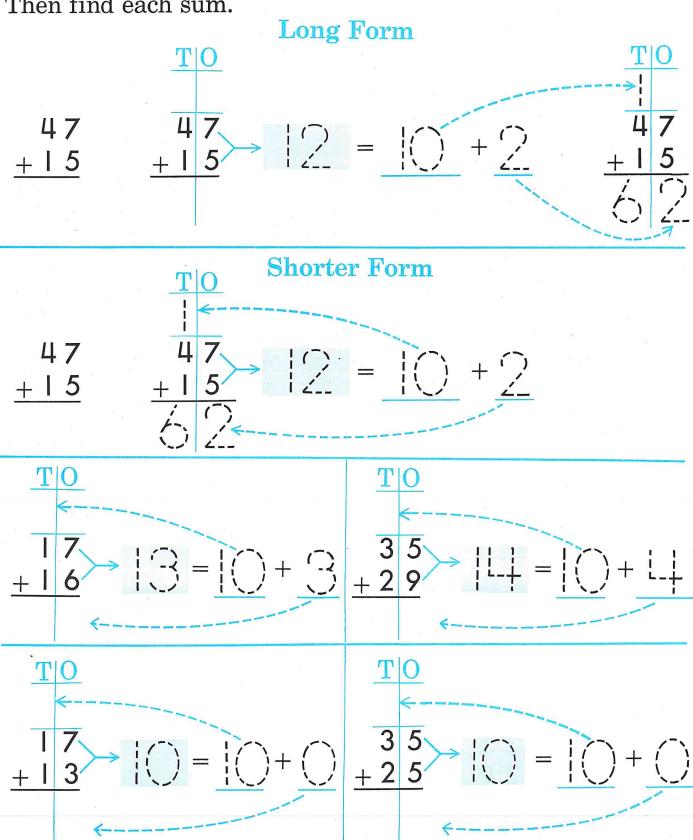
$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & T \mid O \\
\hline
 & 1 \mid 7 \\
 & + \mid 6 \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & T \mid O \\
\hline
 & 1 \mid 7 \\
 & + \mid 6 \\
\end{array}$$

Add the ones. Rename the ones. Add the tens.

(seventy-three) 73

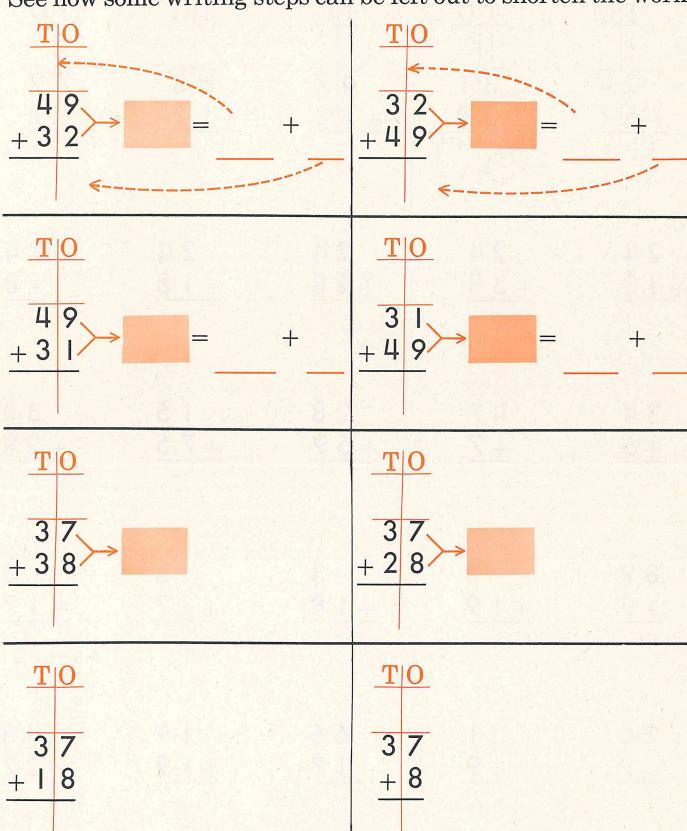
Study how the long form we used for adding is made shorter. Then find each sum.



74 (seventy-four)

Find each sum.

See how some writing steps can be left out to shorten the work.



Find each sum.

# Subtracting with Two-Digit Numerals (Renaming Tens)

Sometimes we rename the number from which we subtract. Study why and how this is done in the examples below.

Then find each difference.

$$\begin{array}{c} (3\ 0\ +\ 2) \\ -(1\ 0\ +\ 7) \\ \hline \uparrow \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(2\ 0+1\ 2)}{-(1\ 0+\ 7)}$$

Can we subtract the ones?

$$-(6\ 0+1)$$
 $-(3\ 0+9)$ 

$$\frac{(5\ 0+1\ 1)}{-(3\ 0+\ 9)}$$

$$(3 \ 0 + 0)$$
  
 $-(1 \ 0 + 3)$ 

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} (2 \ 0 + 1 \ 0) \\ -(1 \ 0 + 3) \end{array}$$

$$(3 \ 0 + 1)$$
 $-(1 \ 0 + 3)$ 

$$\begin{array}{c} (2\ 0+1\ 1) \\ -(1\ 0+\ 3) \end{array}$$

## Subtracting with Two-Digit Numerals (Renaming Tens)

Find each difference.

$$(3 \ 0 + 2)$$
 $-(1 \ 0 + 5)$ 

$$\frac{(2 \ 0 + 1 \ 2)}{-(1 \ 0 + 5)}$$

$$(9 \ 0 + 0)$$
  
 $-(4 \ 0 + 6)$ 

$$\frac{(8\ 0+1\ 0)}{-(4\ 0+6)}$$

$$\frac{-(4\ 0+6)}{(4\ 0+1)}$$

# Subtracting with Two-Digit Numerals (Renaming Tens)

Find each difference.

## Adding and Subtracting with Two-Digit Numerals

Find each sum or difference.

So	lving	Prob	lems

Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

I. Mary misspelled 7 of 25 words. How many words did she spell correctly?	Work space
2. Miss Cane placed 18 books on an empty shelf. Later, she placed 17 more books on the same shelf. How many books did she place on the shelf?	
3. John weighs 65 pounds. His sister weighs 49 pounds. How much more does John weigh?	
4. On an arithmetic test, there were 15 addition problems and 9 subtraction problems. How many problems were there?	

## Adding Three Numbers

Find each sum.

$$(2+5)+1 = \frac{7}{7} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$2+(5+1) = \frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{9} = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$(20+50)+10 = \frac{7}{7} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$20+(50+10) = \frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{9} = \frac{2}{9}$$

20 + (30 + 10) = 20 +						
Think		Think		Think TIO		
$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 2 \longrightarrow 6 \\ +3 \longrightarrow \frac{3}{9} \end{array}$	+ 3 ()	$\rightarrow$	40 20 +30	$ \begin{array}{c c}  & 4 & 0 \\  & 2 & 0 \\  & 3 & \longrightarrow & 9 & 0 \end{array} $		
Write		Write	100	Write		
T 0 5 0 3 0 + 1 0	T 0 1 0 3 0 + 5 0	T O 3 0 1 0 + 5 0	T 0 3 0 5 0 + 1 0	T 0 5 0 1 0 + 3 0		

# Adding Three Numbers

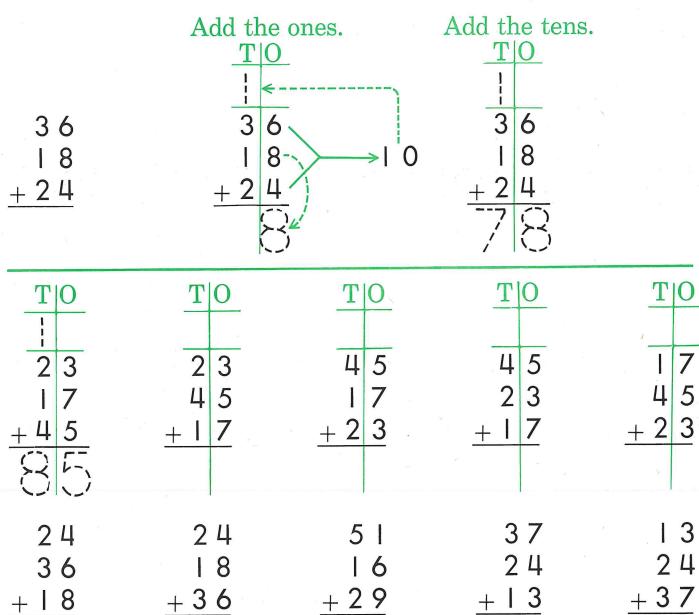
Find each sum.

I'lliu each s	uiii.			
	Thir	ak a jacous and	Thin	
35 21 +42 78	30 + 20 + 40 + Write	1 4 5 3 + 1 2 + 1 2 - 7 () te	T 0 -1 4 -5 3 -1 2 -7 9 Writ	-\   -\   -\   -\   -\   -\   -\   -\
T 0	TO	T O	TO	T 0
5 2	52	3 I	3 I	1 4
3 1	14	5 2	1 4	5 2
+ 1 4	+31	+ I 4	+ 5 2	+ 3 1
1 4	4 2	17	3 3	56
3 I	2 2	20	3 3	21
+ 5 2	+ 2 4	+31	+ 3 3	+11
5 4	5 4	5 4	66	66
2 3	1 3	3	11	1
+ 2 I	+ 2 1	+ 2 I	+12	+2
3 0	4 I	4 I	8	8
4 I	3 O	8	4 I	3 0
+ 8	+ 8	+ 3 0	+ 3 0	<u>+ 4 1</u>

#### Adding Three Numbers

Find each sum.

Look for addition combinations of ten for easy addition.



## Checkup Time

Find each sum or difference.

Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

Lisa's grandmother is 57 years old. Lisa's mother is 29 years old. How many years older than her mother is her grandmother?

Work space

2. Scott has 38 marbles. Steve has 19 marbles. How many marbles do both boys have?

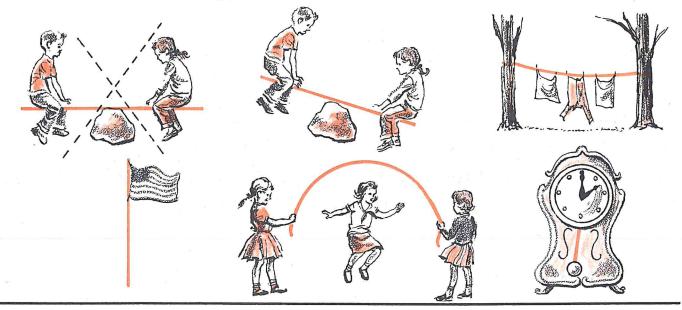
#### Line Segments

Two tacks are placed in a board as shown. Then a thread is pulled tight between the tacks.

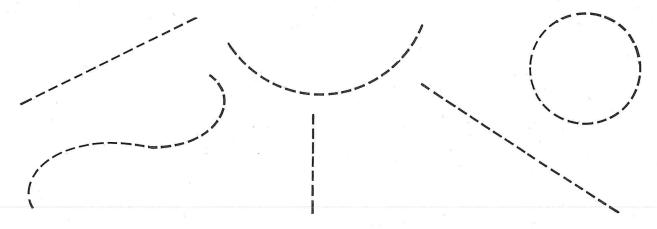


A thread pulled tight is said to be **straight**. A thread pulled tight is a model of a **line segment**. Like the thread, a line segment is straight.

Draw an X on each picture of a model of a line segment.



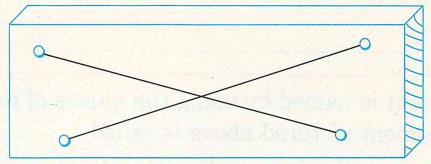
Using a ruler, complete each picture of a line segment.



#### **Points**

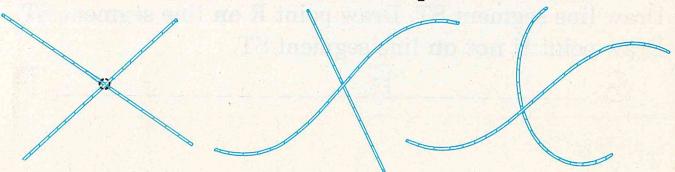
Four tacks are placed in a board as shown.

Then two threads are pulled tight between these tacks.



The spot where the threads meet is a model of a point.

Draw a dot where the threads of each pair below meet.



A dot may be used to picture a point.

A capital letter may be used to name a point.

Using a ruler, draw a line segment from point A to point B.

A

B

Points A and B are the endpoints of the line segment.

Using a ruler, draw the line segment with endpoints C and D. Using a ruler, draw the line segment with endpoints Q and P.

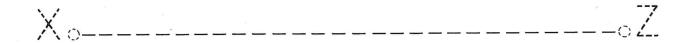
Q

• D

P

#### Points and Line Segments

Draw a line segment. Label its endpoints X and Z.



A line segment is named by using the names of its endpoints. The line segment pictured above is called

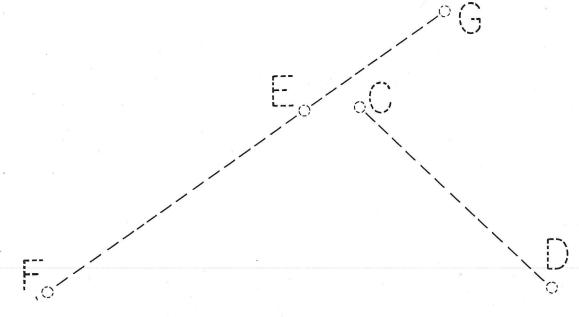
line segment XZ or line segment ZX.

Draw line segment ST. Draw point R on line segment ST. Draw point U not on line segment ST.





Draw point E. Draw line segment FG on point E. Draw line segment CD not on point E.



#### Points and Line Segments

Draw line segment AB. Draw point C on line segment AB. Draw point D not on line segment AB.

Draw point Z. Draw line segment XY on point Z. Draw line segment VW not on point Z.

Draw line segments EF and GH.

E.

G

• F

Label the point which is on both line segments as point J.

Draw line segments KL, MN, and PQ.

· M

· Q

K.

· L

P

· N

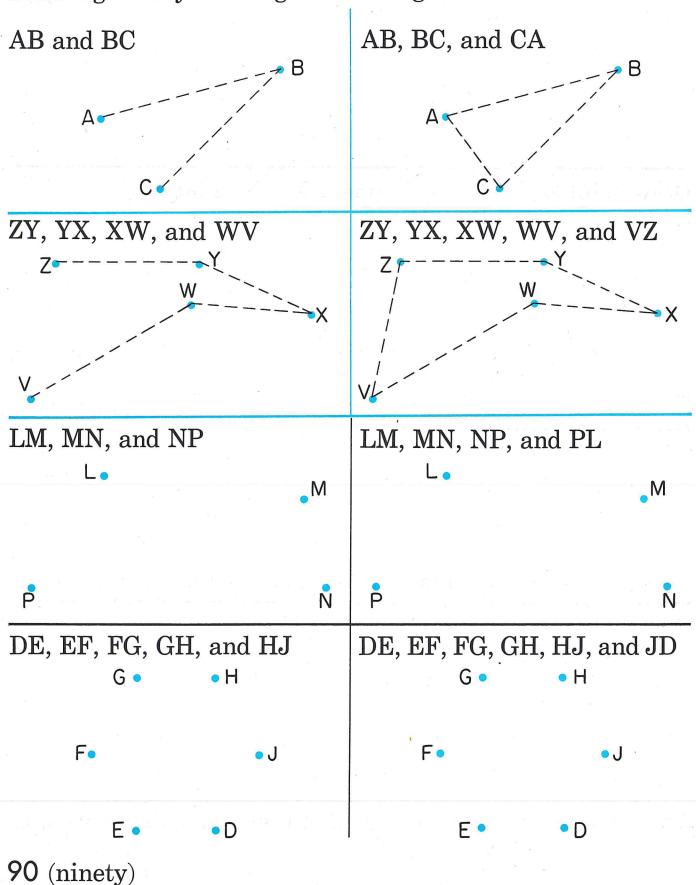
Label the point which is on all the line segments as point T.

(eighty-nine) 89

#### Geometric Figures

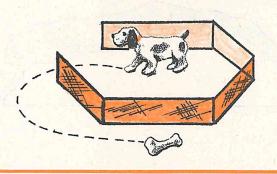
Line segments may be joined to form figures.

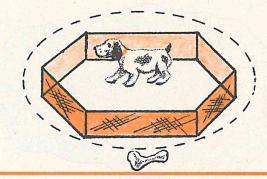
Draw figures by drawing the line segments named below.



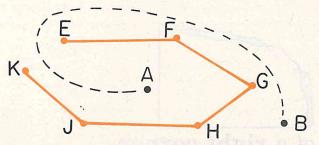
#### Open and Closed Geometric Figures

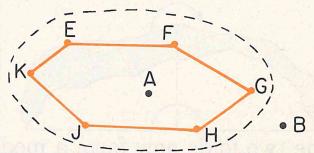
Draw a path that shows which pen is open. Draw a ring around the pen which is closed.



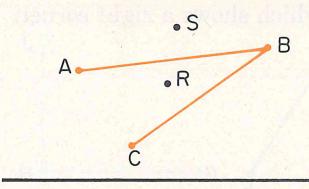


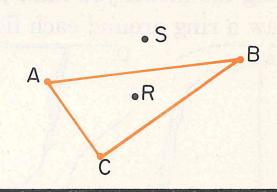
Draw a path that shows which figure is open. Draw a ring around the figure which is closed.

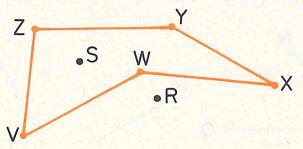


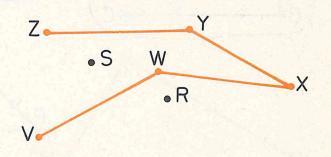


Draw a path from R to S that shows each open figure. Draw a ring around each closed figure.





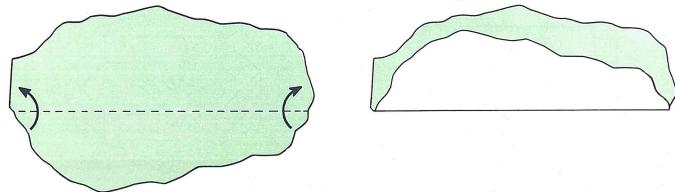




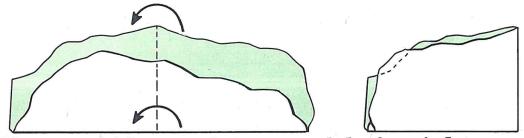
#### Right Corners

Use a piece of paper of any shape.

Fold it once to make a model of a line segment.



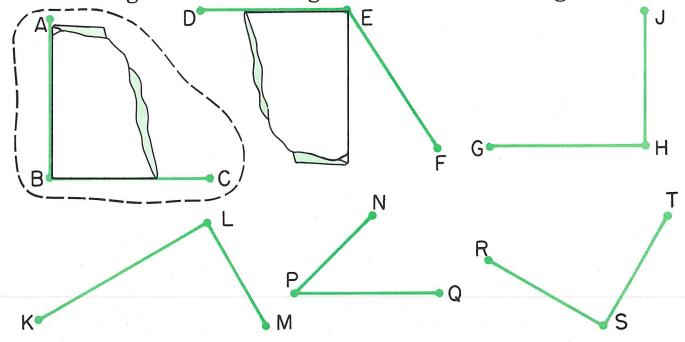
Fold it again keeping the first fold on the same line segment.



The two folds now form a model of a right corner.

Save this right corner. You will use it later.

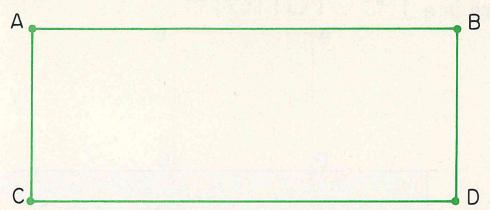
Using the model you have just made, test the figures below. Draw a ring around each figure which shows a right corner.



92 (ninety-two)

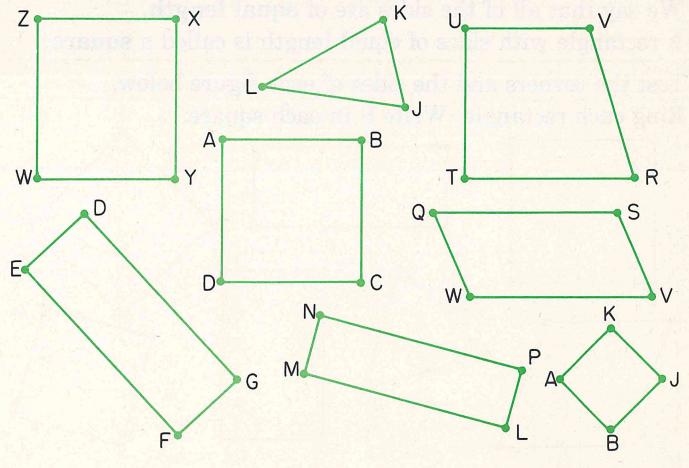
#### Rectangles

Count the line segments which form this closed figure. Use your paper model of a right corner to test each corner.



Line segments forming a closed figure are called **sides**. The figure above has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sides and \_\_\_\_\_\_ right corners. Such a figure is called a **rectangle**.

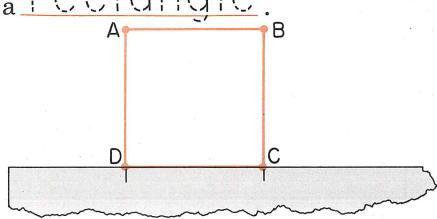
Use your model right corner to test each corner. Then mark an X in each picture of a rectangle.



#### Squares — Special Rectangles

Use your model right corner to test each corner of the figure.

The figure is a rectangle.

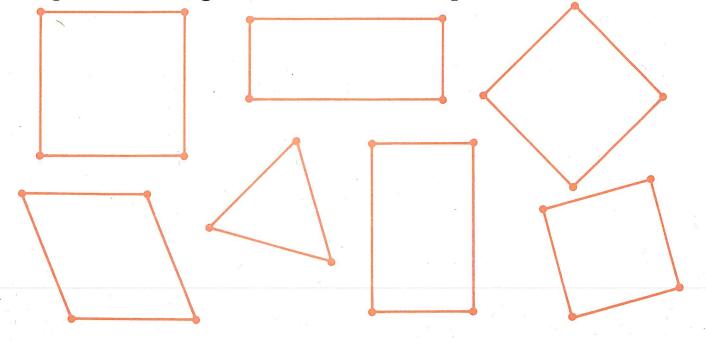


Make a paper model of one side of the figure as follows.

- (1) Lay the straight edge of a piece of paper along one side.
- (2) Make two marks on the paper at the endpoints of the side. Now lay this model of a side along each of the other 3 sides. The two marks match with the endpoints of each other side. We say that all of the sides are of **equal length**.

A rectangle with sides of equal length is called a square.

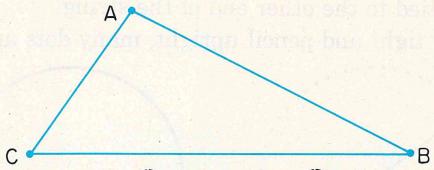
Test the corners and the sides of each figure below. Ring each rectangle. Write S in each square.



94 (ninety-four)

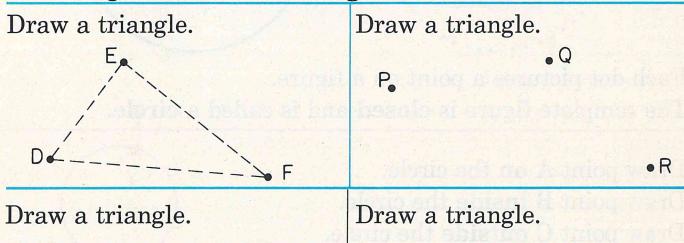
# Triangles

Count the line segments which form this closed figure.

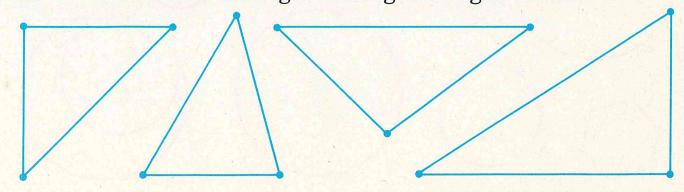


The figure above has 3 sides and 3 corners.

Such a figure is called a triangle.



Use your model of a right corner to test each corner. Mark an X in each triangle having one right corner.

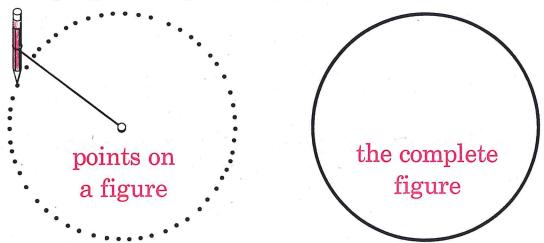


#### Circles

A tack is placed in a board. A string is tied to the tack.

A pencil is tied to the other end of the string.

With string tight and pencil upright, many dots are drawn.



Each dot pictures a point on a figure.

The complete figure is **closed** and is called a **circle**.

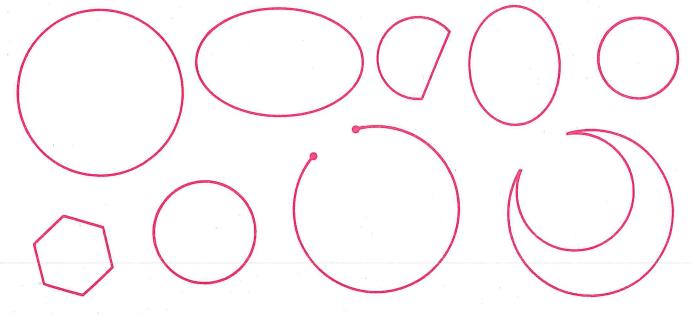
Draw point A on the circle.

Draw point B inside the circle.

Draw point C outside the circle.



Write C in each circle below.



96 (ninety-six)

#### Checkup Time

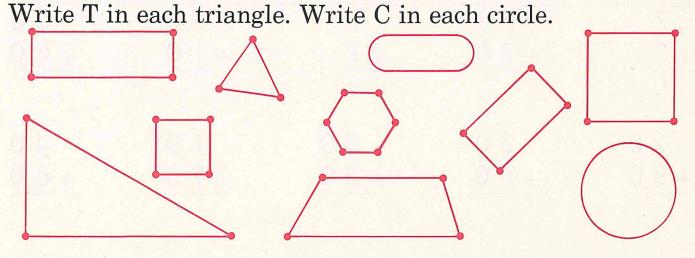
Draw line segment RS. Draw point T on line segment RS. Draw point U not on line segment RS.

Draw line segment AC on point B.

Draw figures by drawing the line segments named below. Draw a path from X to Y that shows each open figure. Draw a ring around each closed figure.

AB, BC, a	nd CD	AB, B	C, CD, and	Ad l	LM, MN, an	nd NL
Α•	• B	Α.	• E	3	M •	
X•			X•		•Y	•N
D•	· C	D•	<b>.</b> C	•Y	L	•X

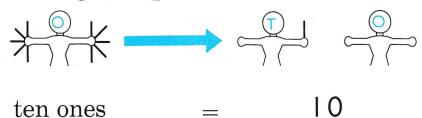
Ring each rectangle. Write S in each square.



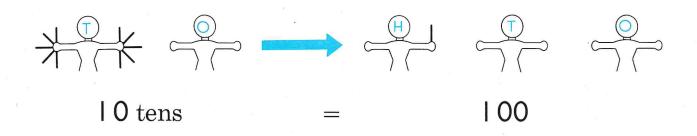
(ninety-seven) 97

#### Adding Tens (Renaming Ten Tens)

Study the counting-man pictures below.



Another name for ten ones is | 0.



#### Another name for 10 tens is 100.

Find each sum.

# Adding Tens (Renaming Ten Tens)

Find each sum.

Think
8
$$+ (2 + 3)$$
 $10 + 3 = 13$ 

Another name for one ten and three ones is 13.

Think

8 0
$$+50$$
 $+(2 \text{ tens} + 3 \text{ tens})$ 
 $10 \text{ tens} + 3 \text{ tens} = 13 \text{ tens}$ 
 $100 + 30 = 130$ 

Another name for 13 tens is 130.

Find each sum.

## Adding Tens (Renaming Ten Tens)

Complete the addition table below.

	ргосо	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
+	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
0	0		r		u			4		90
10		20		į	, v			-	,	100
20		ja Ja	N.	-	a v		ž	X	100	
30	_			-		1	1			-
40						0			÷	
50							-		N	A
60		1.		<u>~</u>			-			
70				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2				,	
80		υ,	=	, ,			8		e j	1
90			К							

Write the correct numeral in each rectangle.

$$20 + \boxed{\phantom{0}} = 110$$

$$+30 = 100$$

$$+90 = 180$$

100 (one hundred)

# Addition (Renaming Tens or Ones)

Find each sum.

# Subtraction (Renaming Hundreds or Tens)

Find	each	difference.
	CCCC	01-1-0-0-0-

# Think

$$\frac{(100 + 10)}{-(30 + 6)}$$

$$70 + 4 = 74$$

Write

Write

#### **Think**

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
(140+12) & 1.5^{12} \\
-(80+9) & -89 \\
\hline
60+3 & 60
\end{array}$$

# Adding Hundreds

Find each sum.

$$\begin{array}{c} 70 \\ +20 \\ \hline \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \end{array}$$

Complete the addition table below.

+	0	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900
0							108			
100			300							
200				500						
300		2.0	Ĉ÷.		0.0				Ō	
400										
500			700				8.0			
600									⇒ ⊂	
700				3	00	H		T	~ ~	0
800				+ 2	00		/		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
900				5	00	H	*		⊃ ⊂	

(one hundred three) 103

#### Adding with Three-Digit Numerals

#### Find each sum.

$$\begin{array}{c} 2 \ 5 \ 0 \\ + \ 3 \ 2 \ 0 \end{array}$$

$$200+50 \\ +(300+20) \\ \hline 500+70=570$$

#### Write

#### Write

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 0 & 7 \\ + & 8 & 9 & 2 \end{array}$$

# Adding with Three-Digit Numerals

Find each sum.

$$720$$
  
 $+270$ 

$$727 + 272$$

$$707$$
  
 $+272$ 

$$727$$
  
 $+202$ 

$$225 + 472$$

(one hundred five) 105

Sol	vina	Prob	lems
	iviliy	1100	101113

Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

I. On a trip, Hal's family traveled | 85 miles one day and 2 | I miles the next day. How many miles did they travel?

Work space

2. Doris made a necklace with 45 blue beads and 68 white beads. How many beads were on the necklace?

3. In a year, 241 days had past and 124 were left. How many days were in the year?

4. Bill has 302 bottle caps. To make a design on his clubhouse, he needs 76 more. How many caps does he need in all?

## Subtracting with Three-Digit Numerals

Find each difference.

	5	7	0		
_	3	2	0		

$$860$$
 $-320$ 

## Subtracting with Three-Digit Numerals

Find each difference.

$$-270$$

$$978$$
  $878$   $-455$   $-355$ 

$$778 678$$
 $-255 -155$ 

$$558$$
  $548$   $538$   $-25$   $-15$ 

Discover each subtraction pattern.

Then write the missing numerals.

765, 755, 745, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, 715.

907, 807, 707, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, 407.

\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_, 74, 62, 50, 38.

\_, \_\_\_\_, 353, 252, 151, 50.

376, 368, 360, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_

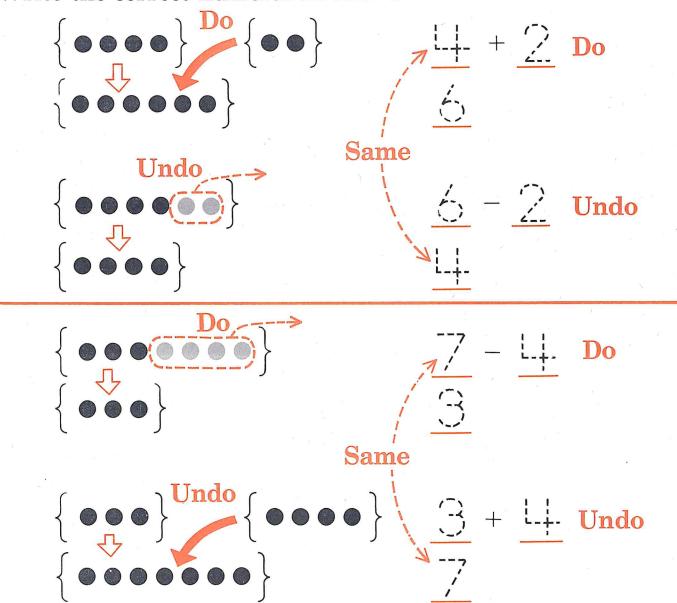
195, 183, 171, \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_

108 (one hundred eight)

Solving Problems	om conjetuă
Read each problem carefully. Write an open so Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for	
On a trip, Hal's family traveled 396 miles in two days. They traveled 185 miles the first day. How many miles did they travel the next day?	Work space
2. Doris made a necklace with 113 beads. If only 68 beads were white, how many were not white?	
3. There are 365 days in a year. If 241 days have past, how many days are left?	
4. There are 456 pupils in Zale School. If 243 pupils are girls, how many are boys?	

### Addition and Subtraction—Do and Undo

Write the correct numeral in each blank.



Find each sum or difference.

## Checking Addition and Subtraction

Add or subtract. Check each addition by subtracting. Check each subtraction by adding.

-266

## Adding More Than Three Numbers

The ( ) in each open sentence means "do this first." Find each sum.

$$(6+5)+4+3=$$

$$3 + 4 + (5 + 6) =$$

$$6 + (5 + 4) + 3 =$$

$$3 + (4 + 5) + 6 =$$

$$6 + 5 + (4 + 3) =$$

$$(3 + 4) + 5 + 6 =$$

Numbers may be added in any order.

Numbers may be grouped in any way for addition.

Find each sum.

$$6 + 4 + 5 + 3 =$$

$$10 + 9 + 5 + 4 =$$

$$3 + 6 + 4 + 6 =$$

$$12 + 3 + 4 + 8 =$$

$$2 + 7 + 9 + 1 =$$

$$7 + 21 + 9 + 3 =$$

$$5 + 2 + 5 + 6 =$$

$$15 + 5 + 7 + 4 =$$

$$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$$

$$5 + 5 + 5 + 5 =$$

Find each sum.

14

# Checkup Time

Find each sum. Check each addition by subtracting.

$$520 + 360$$

Find each difference. Check each subtraction by adding.

Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

For 675 box to	ps, Dan gets	a prize.	He
has 342 box tops.	How many	does he	need?

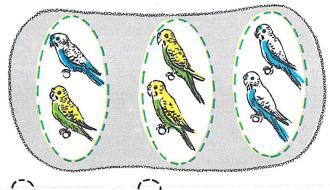
Work space

2. Betty had 86 cents. She earned 89 cents more. How many cents did she have?

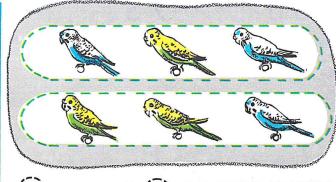
### Joining Equivalent Sets

Count the objects in each set.

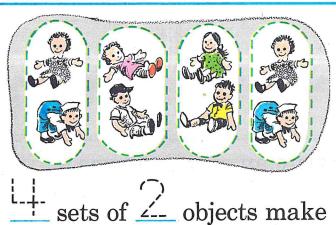
Then write the correct numeral in each blank.



sets of \_\_\_\_ objects make one set of \_\_\_\_ objects.



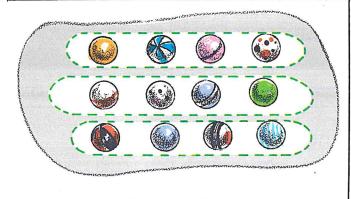
sets of objects make one set of objects.



one set of \_\_\_\_ objects mak

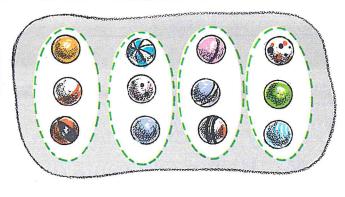


\_\_ sets of \_\_\_ objects make one set of \_\_\_ objects.



\_\_\_ sets of \_\_\_ objects make

one set of \_\_\_ objects.



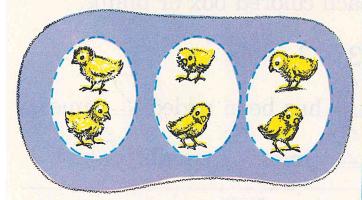
\_\_\_ sets of \_\_\_ objects make

one set of \_\_\_\_ objects.

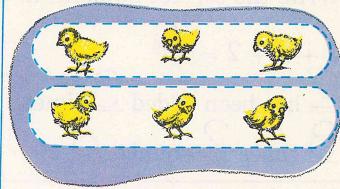
114 (one hundred fourteen)

## From Joining Equivalent Sets to Repeated Addition

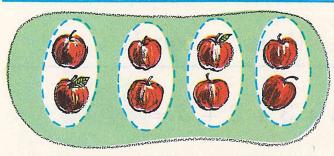
Write the correct numeral in each blank.



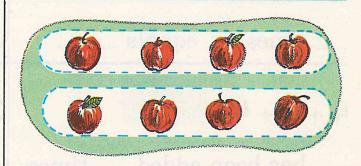
$$(2 + 2) + 2 = 6$$

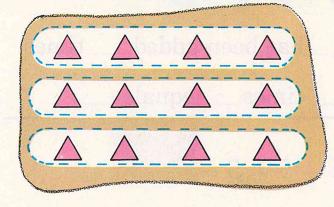


$$3 + 3 = 6$$



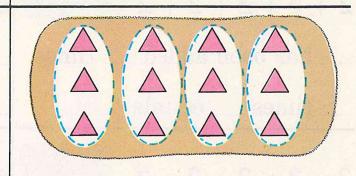
$$(2+2)+2+2=$$
 $(1+2)+2=$ 
 $+=$ 





$$(\underline{m} + \underline{l}) + \underline{m} = \underline{d} \text{ and }$$

$$\underline{d} + \underline{m} = \underline{d} \text{ and } \underline{d}$$



## Repeated Addition

Write the correct numeral in each colored box or blank.

$$2 + 2 + 2 = 6$$

has been added times.

$$\frac{3}{2}$$
 times  $\frac{2}{2}$  equals  $\frac{6}{2}$ .

$$3 + 3 = 6$$

 $\frac{2}{2}$  has been added  $\frac{2}{2}$  times.

$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 8$$

has been added \_\_\_ times. \_\_\_ has been added \_\_\_ times.

\_\_ times \_\_\_ equals \_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_ times \_\_\_ equals \_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_ has been added \_\_\_ times.

\_\_\_ times \_\_\_ equals \_\_\_\_.

$$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$$

\_\_ has been added \_\_\_ times.

\_\_\_ times \_\_\_ equals \_\_\_\_.

$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 =$$

\_\_\_ has been added \_\_\_ times.

\_\_ times \_\_\_ equals \_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_ has been added \_\_\_ times.

\_\_\_ times \_\_\_ equals \_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_ has been added \_\_\_ times.

\_\_\_ times \_\_\_ equals \_\_\_\_.

$$5 + 5 + 5 =$$

\_\_\_ has been added \_\_\_ times.

\_\_\_ times \_\_\_ equals \_\_\_\_.

116 (one hundred sixteen)

## From Repeated Addition to Multiplication

Write the correct numeral in each colored box or blank.

Because 
$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 10$$
, we say  $\frac{5}{2}$  times  $\frac{2}{2}$  equals  $\frac{10}{2}$ .

This shortened way of thinking about repeated addition is called **multiplication**.

We say that  $\frac{2}{2}$  multiplied by  $\frac{5}{2}$  equals  $\frac{10}{2}$ , and we write  $\frac{5}{2} \times \frac{2}{2} = \frac{10}{2}$ .

We say that is the **product** of and .

Write the correct numeral in each colored box or blank.

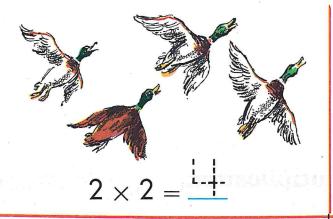
$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 8$$
 $4 + 4 =$ 
 $1 + 2 = 8$ 
 $- + 2 = 8$ 
 $- + 2 = 8$ 

The product of 4 and 2 is . The product of 2 and 4 is \_\_\_\_.

The product of 3 and 5 is \_\_\_\_. The product of 5 and 3 is \_\_\_\_. (one hundred seventeen) 117

### Using Two in Multiplication

Use the pictures to help you think about each multiplication. Then write the correct numeral in each blank.





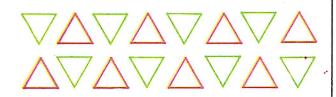




$$2 \times 4 = 4 \times 2 = \underline{\phantom{0}}$$

$$2 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

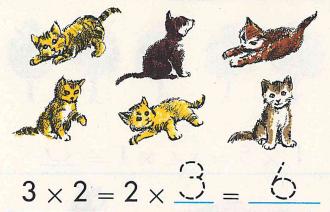




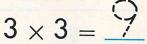
118 (one hundred eighteen)

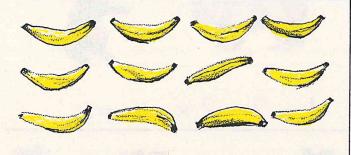
## Using Three in Multiplication

Use the pictures to help you think about each multiplication. Then write the correct numeral in each blank.

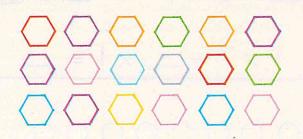




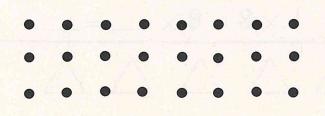




$$3 \times 5 = 5 \times _{--} = _{---}$$



$$3 \times 7 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$



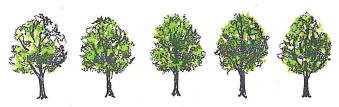
$$3 \times 8 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$3 \times 9 = 9 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} =$$

### Using One in Multiplication

Use the pictures to help you think about each multiplication. Then write the correct numeral in each blank.





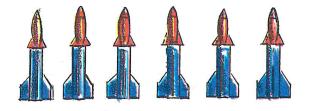
$$1 \times 5 = 5 \times 1 = 5$$



$$I \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times I = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$









$$1 \times 7 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$





$$1 \times 8 = 8 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$



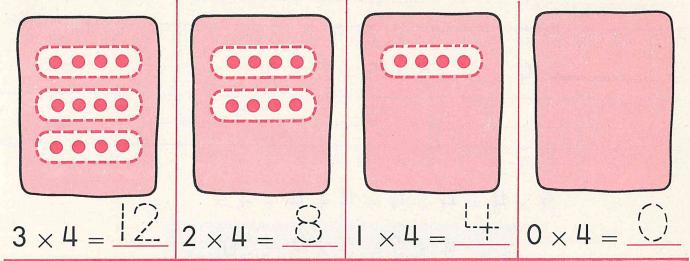
$$1 \times 9 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

One times any given number is equal to the given number.

120 (one hundred twenty)

## Using Zero in Multiplication

Study the set pictures to discover the product of 0 and 4. Then write the correct numeral in each blank.



Study the additions to discover the product of 0 and 5. Then write the correct numeral in each blank.

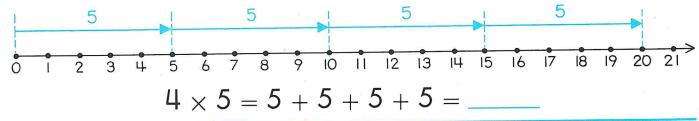
Write the correct numeral in each blank.

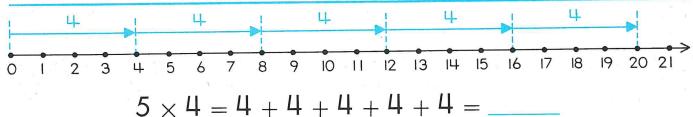
$$0 \times 8 = 8 \times 0 = 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 =$$
 $0 \times 6 = 6 \times 0 = 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 =$ 
 $0 \times 7 = 7 \times 0 =$ 
 $0 \times 9 = 9 \times 0 =$ 
 $0 \times 3 = 3 \times 0 =$ 
 $0 \times 1 = 1 \times 0 =$ 
 $0 \times 0 =$ 

Zero times any given number is equal to zero.

### Using Four and Five in Multiplication

Study the number line. Then find the product.





$$4 \times 5 = 5 \times 4 = 20$$

Find each product.

Make number lines of your own to help you if necessary.

$$4 \times 0 = 0 \times 4 = \bigcirc$$

$$4 \times 1 = 1 \times 4 =$$

$$4 \times 2 = 2 \times 4 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

$$4 \times 3 = 3 \times 4 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

$$4 \times 4 =$$

$$4 \times 5 = 5 \times 4 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$4 \times 6 = 6 \times 4 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

$$4 \times 7 = 7 \times 4 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

$$4 \times 8 = 8 \times 4 =$$

$$4 \times 9 = 9 \times 4 =$$

$$5 \times 0 = 0 \times 5 =$$

$$5 \times 1 = 1 \times 5 =$$

$$5 \times 2 = 2 \times 5 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

$$5 \times 3 = 3 \times 5 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

$$5 \times 4 = 4 \times 5 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

$$5 \times 5 =$$
 \_\_\_\_

$$5 \times 6 = 6 \times 5 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

$$5 \times 7 = 7 \times 5 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

$$5 \times 8 = 8 \times 5 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

$$5 \times 9 = 9 \times 5 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

122 (one hundred twenty-two)

## A Table of Basic Multiplication Facts

Write the correct numerals to complete each row.

Start with zero.
Count by ones.

Start with zero.
Count by twos.

Start with zero.
Count by threes.

Count by threes.

Start with zero.
Count by fours.

Start with zero.
Count by fives.

Complete the multiplication table below.

Use the counting patterns you have shown above to help you.

X	0		2	3	4	5
0	0	0		0	0	
	()		2	(1)		
2		2				
3	$\bigcirc$					
4	0					- <b>0</b> X
5		*				

### Using Six and Seven in Multiplication

Find each product.

$$6 \times 7 = 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 = 1 + 2$$

$$7 \times 6 = 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 = \frac{1 + 2}{1 + 2}$$

$$6\times7=7\times6=42$$

$$6 \times 0 = 0 \times 6 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

$$7 \times 0 = 0 \times 7 =$$

$$6 \times 1 = 1 \times 6 =$$

$$7 \times 1 = 1 \times 7 =$$

$$6 \times 2 = 2 \times 6 =$$

$$7 \times 2 = 2 \times 7 =$$

$$6 \times 3 = 3 \times 6 =$$

$$7 \times 3 = 3 \times 7 =$$

$$6 \times 4 = 4 \times 6 =$$

$$7 \times 4 = 4 \times 7 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

$$6 \times 5 = 5 \times 6 =$$

$$7 \times 5 = 5 \times 7 =$$

$$7 \times 6 = 6 \times 7 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

$$6 \times 7 = 7 \times 6 =$$

$$7 \times 7 =$$

$$7 \times 8 = 8 \times 7 =$$

$$6 \times 9 = 9 \times 6 =$$

$$7 \times 9 = 9 \times 7 =$$

124 (one hundred twenty-four)

## Using Eight and Nine in Multiplication

Find each product.

$$8 \times 9 = 9 + 9 + 9 + 9 + 9 + 9 + 9 = 72$$

$$9 \times 8 = 8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 8 = \boxed{72}$$

$$8\times9=9\times8=72$$

$$8 \times 0 = 0 \times 8 =$$

$$9 \times 0 = 0 \times 9 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

$$8 \times 1 = 1 \times 8 =$$

$$9 \times 1 = 1 \times 9 =$$

$$8 \times 2 = 2 \times 8 =$$

$$9 \times 2 = 2 \times 9 =$$

$$8 \times 3 = 3 \times 8 =$$

$$9 \times 3 = 3 \times 9 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

$$8 \times 4 = 4 \times 8 =$$

$$9 \times 4 = 4 \times 9 =$$

$$8 \times 5 = 5 \times 8 =$$

$$9 \times 5 = 5 \times 9 =$$

$$8 \times 6 = 6 \times 8 =$$

$$9 \times 6 = 6 \times 9 =$$

$$8 \times 7 = 7 \times 8 =$$

$$9 \times 7 = 7 \times 9 =$$

$$8 \times 8 =$$

$$9 \times 8 = 8 \times 9 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

$$8 \times 9 = 9 \times 8 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

(one hundred twenty-five) 125

# The Basic Multiplication Facts Write the correct numerals to complete each row. Start with zero and count by sixes. Start with zero and count by sevens. Start with zero and count by eights. Complete the multiplication table below.

126 (one hundred twenty-six)

Solving Problems						
Read each problem carefully. Write an op	en sentence for it.					
Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.						
1. Scott saves 5 cents every day. How	Work space					
many cents will he save in 7 days?						
$7 \times 5 = []$						
35 cents						
2. Claire has 4 dolls. She has 3 doll dresses for each doll. How many doll dresses does Claire have?						
3. Clay saw 4 wagons in a store window.						
Each wagon had 4 wheels. How many						
wheels were there on the wagons?						
The second secon						
4. How many wheels are on 9 bicycles?						
(Hint: What does bicycle mean?)						

## Using the Correct Symbol in a Number Sentence

Write the correct symbol in each

or .

Use the symbol +, -, or  $\times$ .

$$6 4 = 2$$

$$6 = 4 = 24$$

Use the symbol  $\langle$  or  $\rangle$ .

$$7 \times 7$$
 50

Use the symbol +, -, or  $\times$ .

$$6 = 12$$

Use the symbol =, <, or >.

$$5 \times 5$$
 25

$$9 + 0 9$$

128 (one hundred twenty-eight)

## Solving Problems

Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

I. Ross spent 35 cents for a writing tablet and 47 cents for a toy truck.  How many cents did he spend?	Work space
2. Mrs. Harbeck baked 24 cupcakes for	
Claire's party. If 19 cupcakes were	and the second second
eaten, how many were left?	
3. Blake has 5 puppies. He feeds each	
puppy 3 dog biscuits each day. How many	
dog biscuits does he use each day?	
4. How many wheels are on 8 tricycles?	
(Hint: What does tricycle mean?)	

### **Patterns**

In each problem, draw a line segment from each  $\, \bullet \,$  to each  $\, \bullet \,$  . Then complete the table below.

1.		2.	2.			3.		
4.		5.			6.			
Problem	•'s	umber (	Line segments		Multipl sente	ication ence	on C)	
1.		()	<u> </u>	0	$\frac{A}{N}$	,	<u> </u>	
2.		<u>L</u> _			X 2		L- <del> </del> -	
3.			tu: 3	SEPPER				
4.								
5.								
6.								

130 (one hundred thirty)

### Number Patterns

Study each pattern. Write the missing numerals.

$$3, 5, 4, 6, 5, 7, \dots, \dots, \dots$$

Discover the pattern. Write the missing numerals.

#### Number Patterns

Study each pattern. Write the missing numerals. Then find each sum.

Discover the pattern. Write the missing numerals. Then find each sum.

132 (one hundred thirty-two)

# Checkup Time

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

$$4 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 4$$

$$2 \times 5 = 5 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$4 + 4 + 4 + 4 =$$
\_\_\_  $\times 4$   $6 \times 6 =$ \_\_\_\_

$$3 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 3$$

$$5 \times 7 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

$$8 \times 6 = 6 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$7 \times 9 =$$

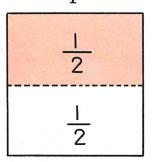
Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

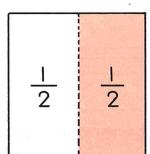
I. How many people are there in 8 empty | Work space rooms?

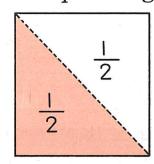
2. A kind of truck has 6 wheels. How many wheels are on 5 trucks of this kind?

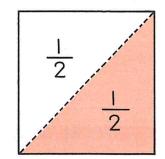
### One Half

Each square figure below is separated into \_\_\_\_ parts. The parts of each square figure are the same size. Each part is called **one half** of the square figure.





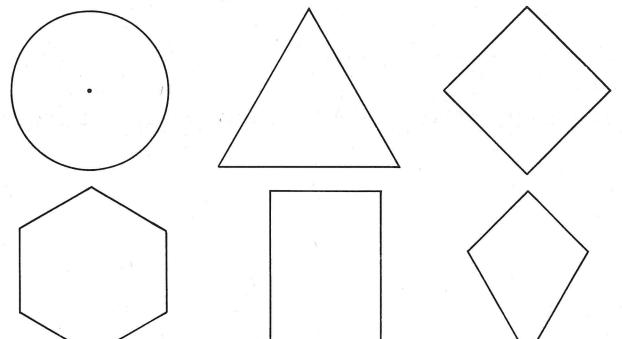




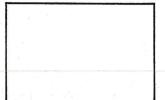
Number of parts colored Number of parts in all -

 $\frac{1}{2}$  is a name for one half.

Color one half of each figure.



Use a different way to separate each figure into halves.





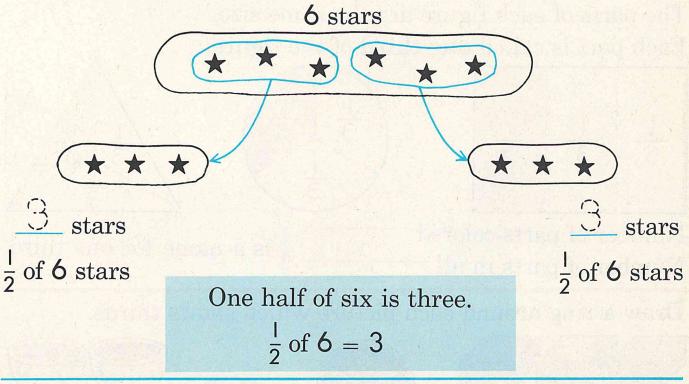




134 (one hundred thirty-four)

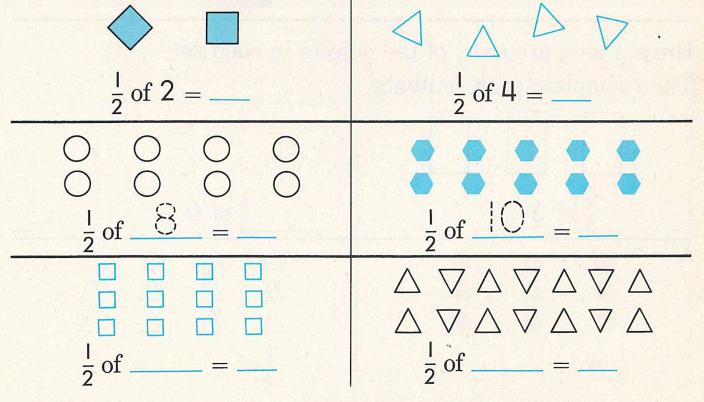
## One Half of a Number

Separate the set into two sets having the same number.



Draw a ring around  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the objects in each set.

Then complete each sentence.



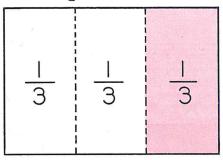
(one hundred thirty-five) 135

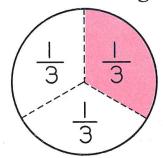
### One Third

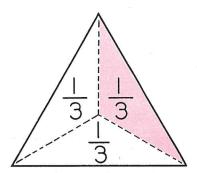
Each figure below is separated into \_\_\_\_ parts.

The parts of each figure are the same size.

Each part is called **one third** of the figure.



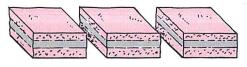




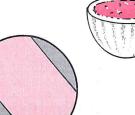
Number of parts colored Number of parts in all

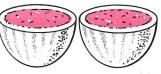
 $\frac{1}{3}$  is a name for one third.

Draw a ring around each picture which shows thirds.











Draw a ring around  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the objects in each set.

Then complete each sentence.







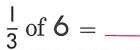
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of  $3 =$ \_\_\_\_



























$$\triangle$$

$$\triangle$$



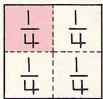
136 (one hundred thirty-six)

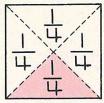
### One Fourth

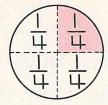
Each figure below is separated into \_\_\_\_ parts.

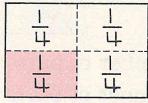
The parts of each figure are the same size.

Each part is called one fourth of the figure.





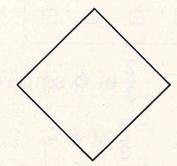




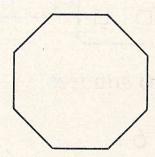
Number of parts colored Number of parts in all

 $\frac{1}{4}$  is a name for one fourth.

Draw line segments to separate each figure into fourths.







Draw a ring around  $\frac{1}{11}$  of the objects in each set.

Then complete each sentence.

$$\bigcirc$$



$$\mathcal{C}$$

$$\frac{1}{11}$$
 of  $4 =$ \_\_\_\_

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of  $8 =$ \_\_\_\_

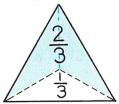


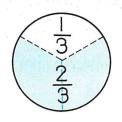
$$\frac{1}{n}$$
 of  $\underline{\phantom{a}}$ 

### Two Thirds

Two thirds of each figure is colored.

2	10
3	3



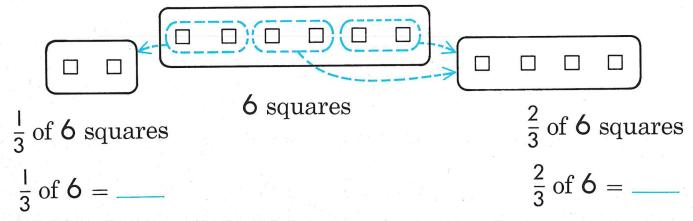


Number of parts colored in each figure Number of parts of the same size

 $\frac{2}{3}$ 

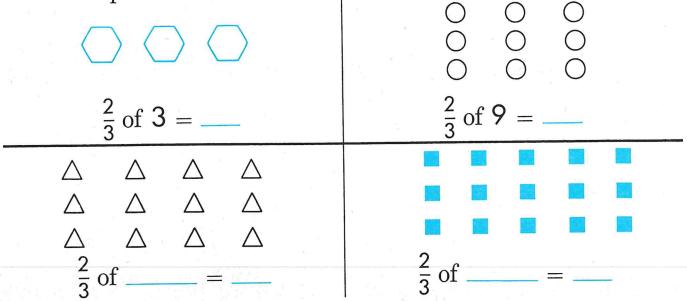
Separate the set to show two thirds of the objects.

Write the correct numeral in each blank.



Draw a ring around  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the objects in each set.

Then complete each sentence.



138 (one hundred thirty-eight)

### Two Fourths

One half of the first figure is colored.

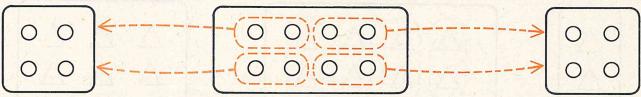
Two fourths of the second figure is colored.





 $\frac{1}{2}$  Number of parts colored in each figure — Number of parts of the same size —

Study the sets. Write the correct numeral in each blank.



\_ circles

\_\_\_\_ circles

\_\_ circles

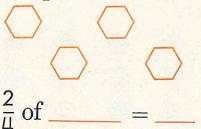
 $\frac{2}{4}$  of 8 circles

 $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{11}$  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 8 circles

 $\frac{2}{4}$  of 8 =\_\_\_\_\_

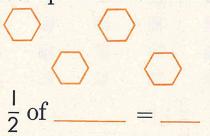
Draw a ring around  $\frac{2}{4}$  of the objects in each set.

Then complete each sentence.



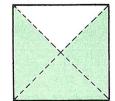
Draw a ring around  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the objects in each set.

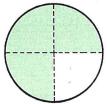
Then complete each sentence.

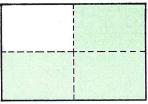


### Three Fourths

Three fourths of each figure is colored.

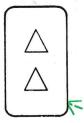


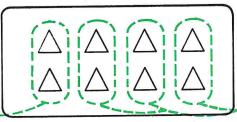


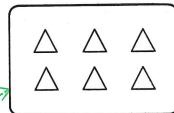


Number of parts colored in each figure Number of parts of the same size-

Study the sets. Write the correct numeral in each blank.







 $\frac{1}{11}$  of 8 triangles 8 triangles

 $\frac{3}{11}$  of 8 triangles

$$\frac{1}{11}$$
 of 8 = \_\_\_\_\_

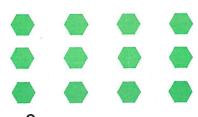
$$\frac{3}{11}$$
 of 8 = \_\_\_\_

Draw a ring around  $\frac{3}{11}$  of the objects in each set.

Then complete each sentence.

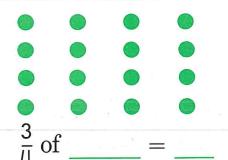






$$\frac{3}{11}$$
 of  $4 =$ \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of  $12 =$ \_\_\_\_\_



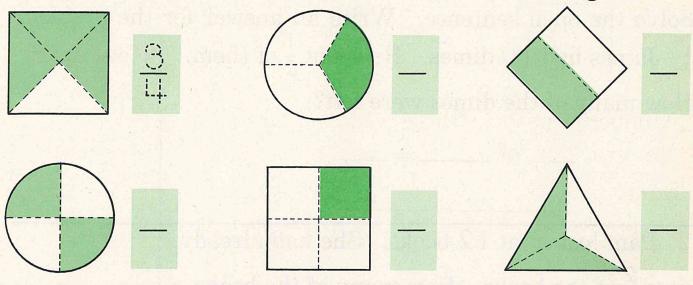


$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_

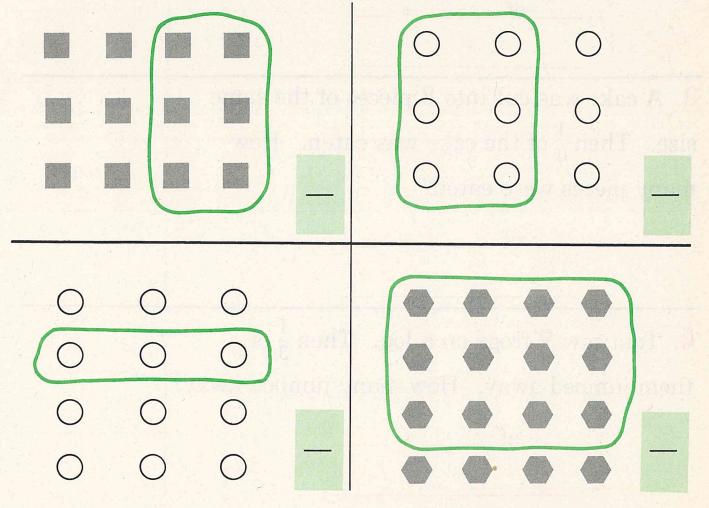
140 (one hundred forty)

## Naming Fractional Parts

Write a fraction to name the colored part of each figure.



A ring is drawn around some of the objects in each set. Write a fraction for those objects inside the ring.



## Solving Problems

Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

I. James had I 0 dimes. He spent  $\frac{1}{2}$  of them. Work space How many of the dimes were left?

\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_

2. Pam looked at 12 books. She had already read  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the books. How many of the books had she already read?

\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_

3. A cake was cut into 8 pieces of the same size. Then  $\frac{1}{11}$  of the cake was eaten. How many pieces were eaten?

\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_

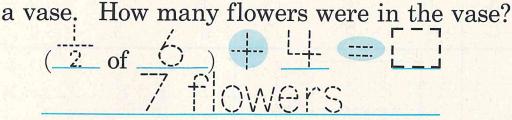
4. Tom saw 9 frogs on a log. Then  $\frac{1}{3}$  of them jumped away. How many jumped away?

\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_ = \_\_\_

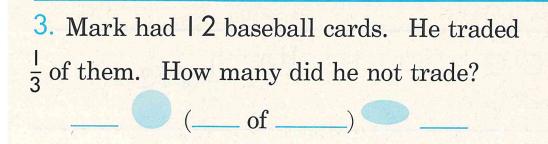
# Solving Problems

Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

Mary picked 6 roses and 4 lilies. She put  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the roses and all the lilies in

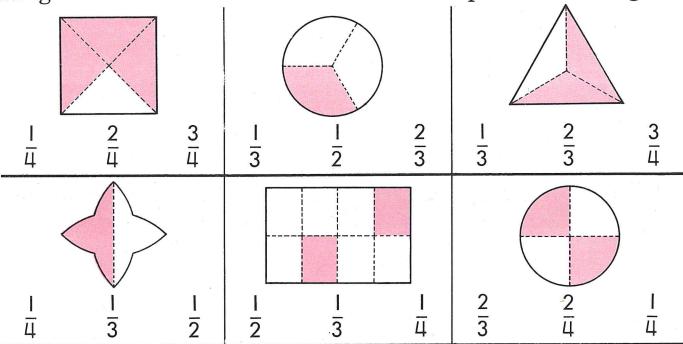


2. John had 8 balloons. He gave  $\frac{1}{4}$  of them away. How many balloons did he keep?



## Checkup Time

Ring the fraction that names the colored part of each figure.



Use the correct set of objects to solve each open sentence.



$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 8 = \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of  $12 =$ \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of  $16 = _____$ 

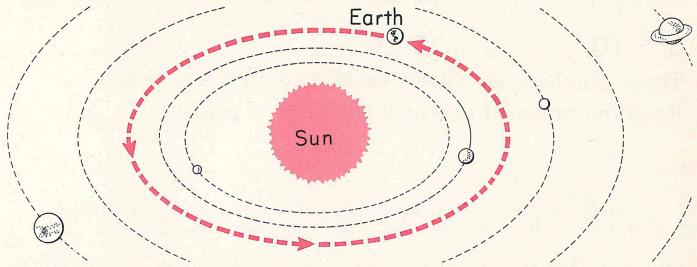


$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of  $15 =$ \_\_\_\_\_

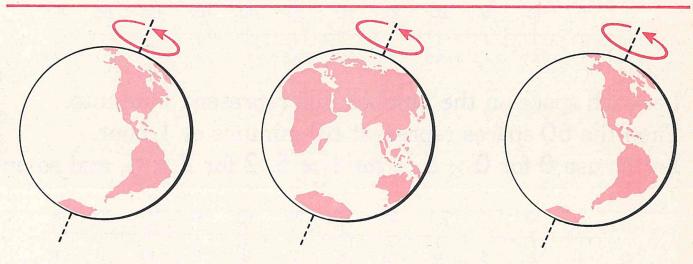
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of  $18 =$ \_\_\_\_\_

### Units of Time

Study each picture as your teacher explains it.



It takes a year for the earth to move around the sun.



It takes a day for the earth to spin around once.

From noon today till noon tomorrow is I day.

A day is separated into 24 smaller periods of time. Each of these smaller time periods is called | hour.

An hour is separated into 60 smaller periods of time. Each of these smaller time periods is called | minute.

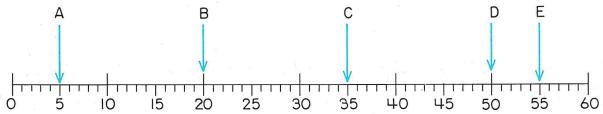
- I year is equivalent to about 365 days.
- I day is equivalent to 24 hours.
- I hour is equivalent to 60 minutes.

### Showing Minutes on a Number Line

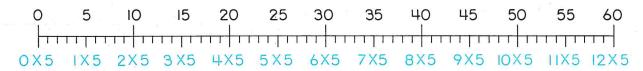
Count by fives and write the correct numeral in each blank.

0, 5, 10, \_\_\_\_, 25, 30, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_, 50, \_\_\_\_,

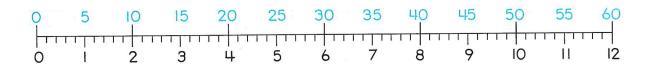
These numbers are shown on the number line below. Read the numeral to which each arrow points.



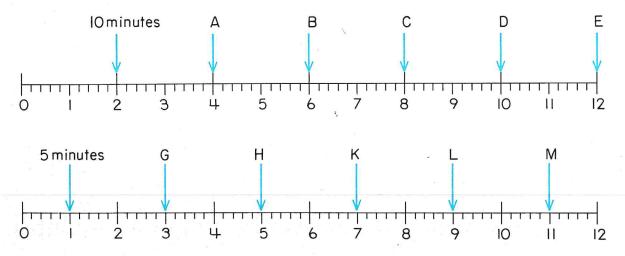
Using multiplication, we can rename each of these numbers.



Let each space on the number line represent | minute. Then the 60 spaces represent 60 minutes or | hour. Let us use 0 for  $0 \times 5$ , | for |  $\times 5$ , 2 for  $2 \times 5$ , and so on.



Tell the number of minutes shown by each arrow.



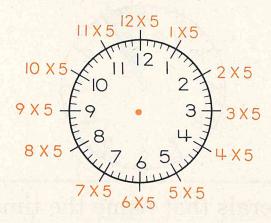
146 (one hundred forty-six)

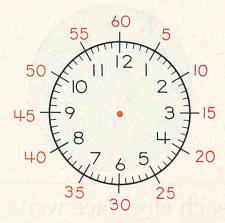
### Minutes on a Clockface

Now roll the number line to form a circle.

0 and 12 mark the same point on the circle.

Study the meaning of each numeral on the clockfaces below.





Each arrow below represents the minute hand of a clock. Write the numeral for the number of minutes shown.





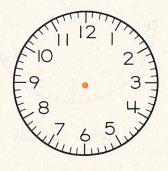


minutes

minutes

minutes

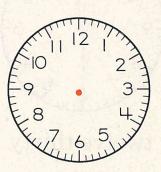
Draw an arrow to show the given number of minutes.



5 minutes



45 minutes



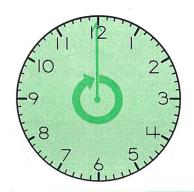
30 minutes

(one hundred forty-seven) 147

#### Hours on a Clockface

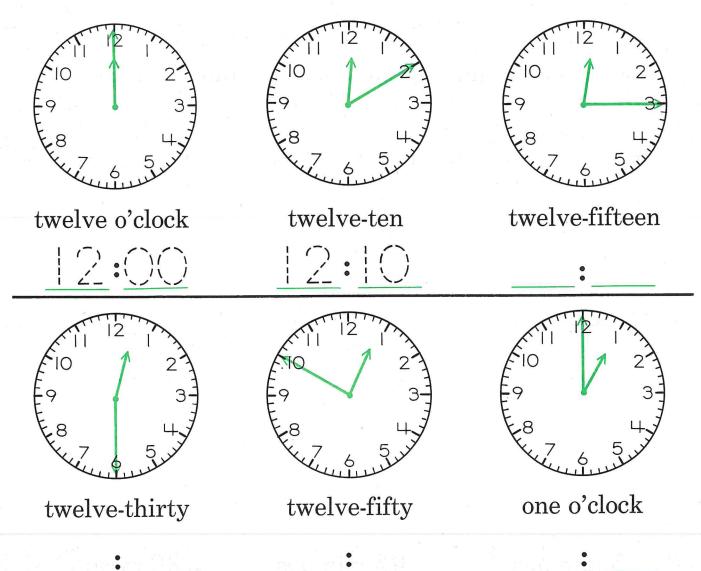
60 minutes measure the same time as I hour.

When the minute hand moves once around the clockface — the hour hand moves from one numeral to the next.



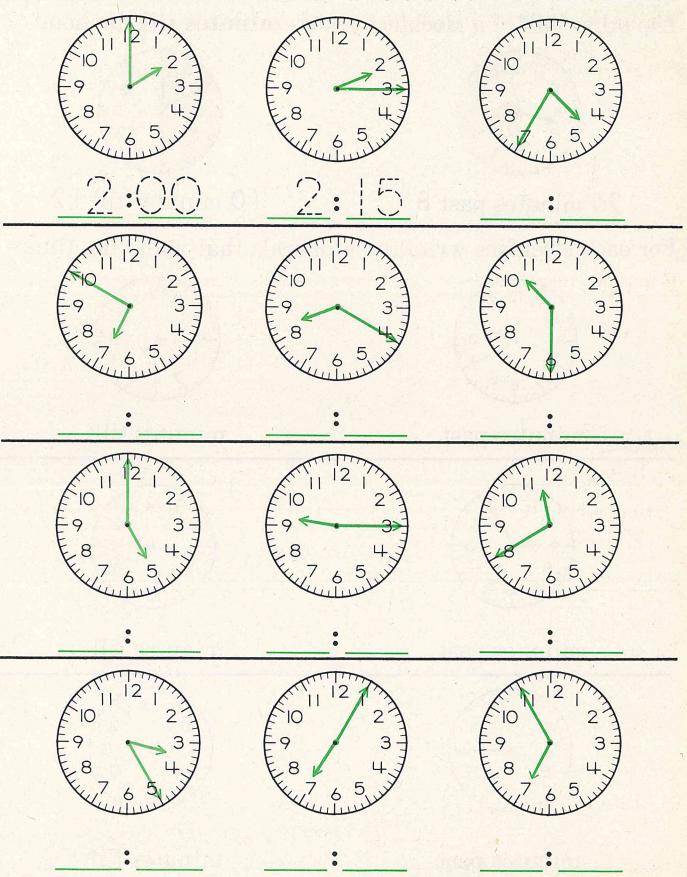


For each clockface write the numerals that name the time.



## Telling Time

For each clockface write the numerals that name the time.



### Past the Hour—Till the Hour

From 12 to 6 on a clockface shows minutes past the hour. The other half of a clockface shows minutes till the hour.



25 minutes past 8



10 minutes till 12

For each clockface write the numerals that name the time.



\_\_\_\_ minutes past \_



\_\_\_ minutes till \_



\_\_\_ minutes past\_



minutes till \_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_ minutes past \_\_\_\_



minutes till \_\_\_\_\_

150 (one hundred fifty)

## Telling Time

A quarter of an hour means  $\frac{1}{4}$  of an hour or 15 minutes.

Compare the time given with the colored part of the circle.



a quarter past 5

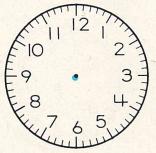


half past 5

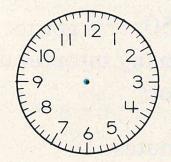


a quarter to 6

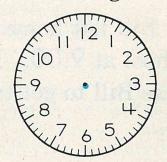
Draw both hands on each clockface to show the time given.



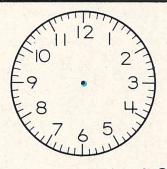
half past 7



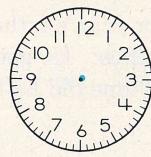
a quarter to 10



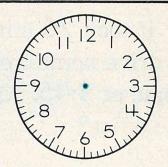
a quarter past 8



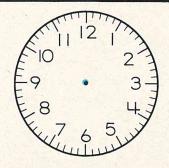
a quarter to 12



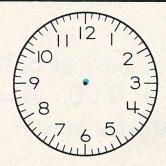
half past | |



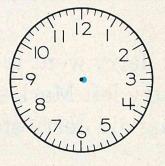
a quarter past 9



a quarter past |



a quarter to 4



half past 3

## Solving Problems

Find the answer for each word problem. Use a clockface to help solve each problem.

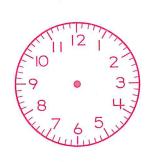
I. The pupils go out for recess at I 0:30. Recess lasts I 5 minutes. At what time do the pupils come in again?

10:15 or a quarter to



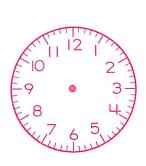
2. Bill left home at 8:50. He got to school at 9:00. How many minutes did it take Bill to get to school?

\_\_\_\_ minutes



3. It took 20 minutes for Jean's father to drive home from his office. He got home at 5:45. At what time did he leave the office?

\_\_\_\_:\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_ minutes past \_\_\_\_



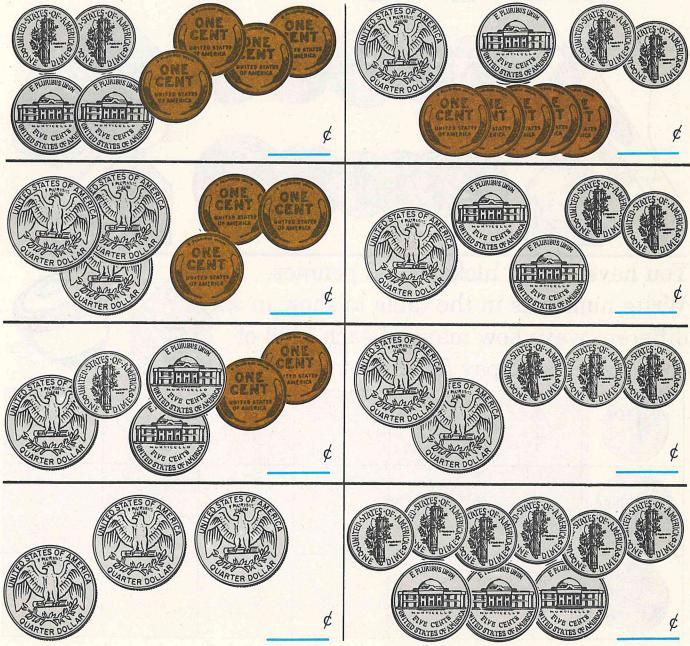
4. Jerry went to Mark's house at 3:30. Jerry left Mark's house at 4:00. How long did Jerry stay at Mark's house?

\_\_\_\_ minutes or \_\_\_\_ hour

152 (one hundred fifty-two)

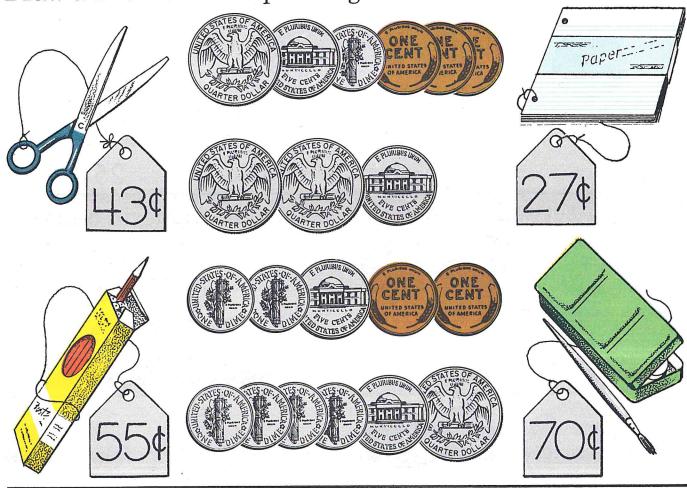
## Money

Penny Nickel Dime Quarter I cent 5 cents 10 cents 25 cents I ¢ 5¢ 10¢ 25¢ For each set write a numeral telling the value in cents.



## Using Money

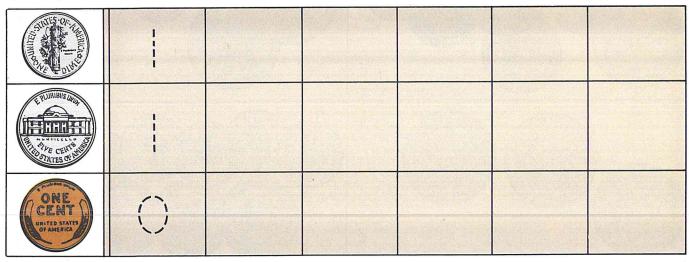
Draw a line from each price tag to the correct set of coins.



You have dimes, nickels, and pennies.

Write numerals in the table to show in six different ways how many of each kind of coin you need to pay for the toy.

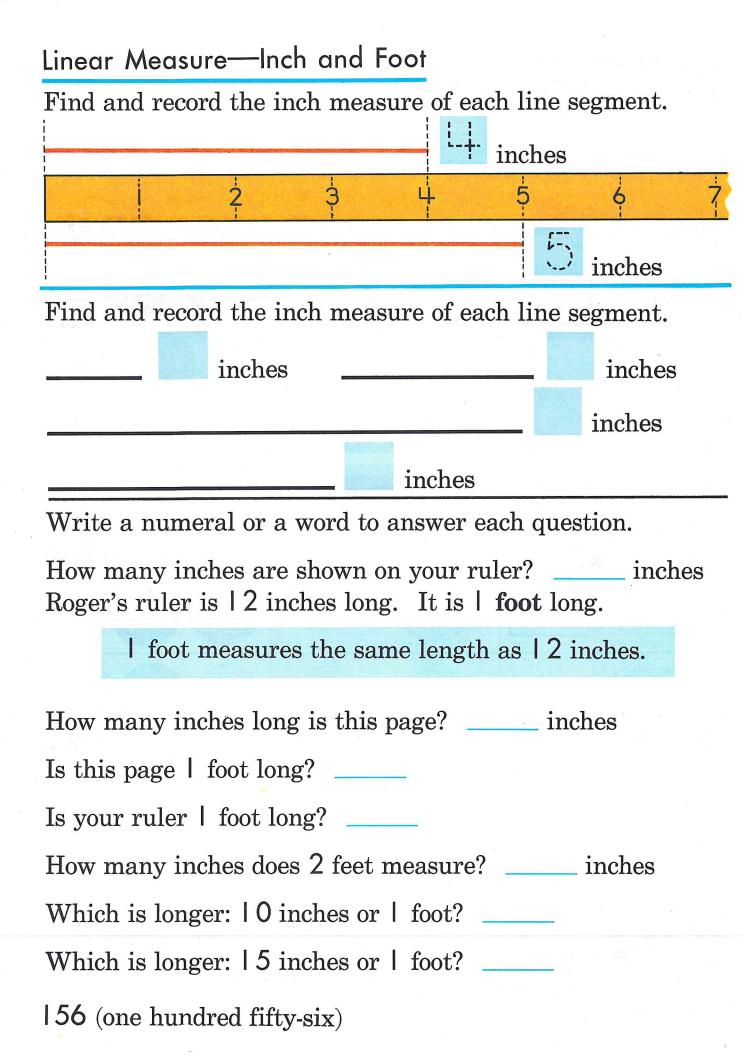




## Making Change

Draw a ring around the correct amount of change.





## Solving Problems

Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

This garden is in the shape of a square. Each side is 8 feet long. How many feet of fence are used?

Work space



$$\frac{8+8+8+8=[]}{4+8=32}$$
  
32 feet of fence

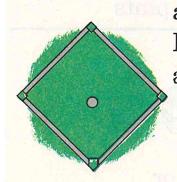
2.

Anne made a picture in the shape of a square. Each side is 6 inches long. How many inches is it around the picture?



3.

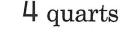
A softball diamond has the shape of a square. Each side is 60 feet long. How far must you run to go around all the bases?



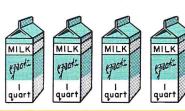
#### Liquid Measure

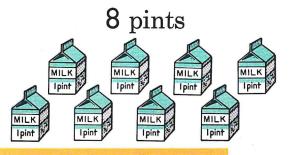
Study these units of measure.

I gallon









2 pints measure the same amount as I quart.
4 quarts measure the same amount as I gallon.

Write the correct numeral in each blank.

pints measure the same amount as I gallon.

\_\_\_ gallons measure the same amount as 8 quarts.

pints measure the same amount as I quart and I pint.

quarts measure the same amount as 2 gallons.

Write numerals in the blanks to tell the total amount.

















 $\_$  pints









quarts





gallon and | quart









\_ pints or

\_\_\_\_ quarts and | pint

158 (one hundred fifty-eight)

So	lving	Prob	lems

Read each problem carefully. Write an open sentence for it. Solve the open sentence. Write an answer for the problem.

I. Tom's mother bought | gallon of milk.

The family used | quart of the milk for dinner. How many quarts of milk were left?

Work space

2. James had 32 feet of string for his kite. Gene had 29 feet of string. How many feet of string did they have in all?

3. Jane's mother mixed | pint of lemon juice with 3 quarts of water. How many pints of lemonade did this make?

4. Patty measured the length of her desk and said it was I foot and 9 inches long. How many inches long is her desk?

## Checkup Time

For each clockface write the numerals that name the time.



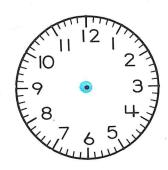




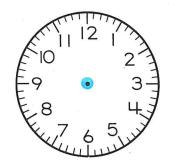
Draw both hands on each clockface to show the time given.



half past 2



a quarter past | |



a quarter to 7

For each set write a numeral telling the value in cents.





Find and record the inch measure of each line segment.

inches

inches

inches

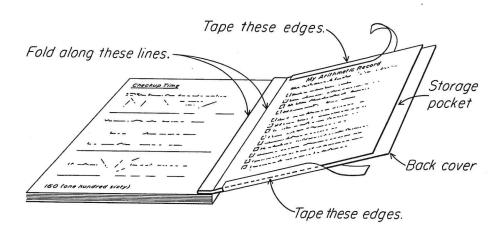
#### Instructions for Making

#### A STORAGE POCKET

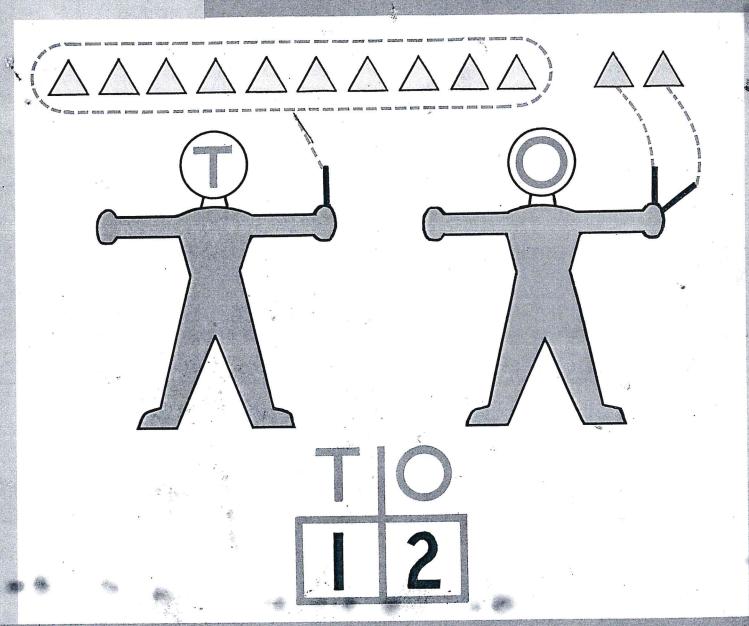
Remove the COUNTING MEN and NUMBER STRIPS — NUMBER LINES sheets along the perforations.

Have the pupils remove the counting men and their fingers and also the number strips and number lines as directed on the corresponding sheets. Provide each pupil with two envelopes for storing these materials.

Refer to the drawing below for instructions of how to fold the facing manila page so that it can be taped to the back cover to form a pocket for storing the envelopes containing the Counting Men and Number Strip materials.







LAIDLAW BROTHERS